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THE SCHOOL JOURNAL.

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Established 1870.

The School Journal.

A Weekly Journal of Education.

AMOS M. KELLOGG, Editor.

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New York, August 19 and 26, 1882.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The publishers give notice that in accordance with their usual custom, they will issue the JOURNAL, but twice, in each of the and publishers need a vacation as much as the teachers; and then, the teachers taking their vacations need less issues of the paper.

THE AUGUST NUMBER

Scholar's Companion

is in many respects one of the best ever issued. It is the last number of the fifth year. We commenced the present year by changing the size and adding a cover at a large extra expense, without however raising the subscription price. It is now one of the most original and instructive monthlies published, and by far the best adapted to the children of the schools. The School-room Department, in which questions are asked by the Editor to be answered by the scholars, will open its doors with the September number, ready again for active work. Teachers should introduce this beautiful paper into their school-rooms, because it will greatly help them in their

school work, and tend to drive out the bad reading that THE COLLEGES AND THE TEACHERS. is creeping into many a home and pocket.

The August number has a story and illustration entitled "The Dreamer," "Discoveries by Accident," "Blackberries," "Wrong Ways," "An Old Turkish Custom," "The Story of Lady Godiva," "Cards and Calls," "Have a Museum," "Some Famous Battles," "Blind Man's Buff," "How I Went to the Country," "Good Advice Corner." Then follow two original dia logues entitled "The Cross-Examination" and "The Evening Visit," which are well worth the price of the year's subscription. The department of WRITING CLUB and LETTER-BOX come next. Who were the Lake Poets? -No. IV.," " How to Speak Pieces," "The North Pole," "American Heroes," "Tennyson's Home," "Verses for Autograph Albums," "Parrots," "A Traveler's Tale," "Occupation for YoungLadies," "In the Queen's Kitchen," "Editor's Letter," etc., etc., make up the balance of this most charming number. Only 50 cents a year, post-

THE end of the vacation is rapidly approaching-we urge teachers every where, who are obliged to teach during the summer to attempt to change the custom. Let us have a uniformity about the matter through the length and breadth of the land. The months of July and August, should be dedicated to rest and self improvement.

A PROGRESSIVE man in educational matbe known on the subject he is teaching, both the subject itself and the methods to be employed in teaching it. Such a man sees the science and art of education to have boundaries in advance that are not fixed at all; they can be pushed forward at the will of the investigator. It is not difficult to find out in five minutes in a village or town by inquiry, whether the teacher is a forwardmoving man, or whether he is merely a reciting post.

THERE are teachers who uphold the school, and there are teachers that are upheld by the school. One class get, the other gives. It but that will never excuse them for giving poor teaching. For teaching is the highest many. work on earth. Who was more poorly paid than Jesus? He declared his meat and drink was to do his work properly; that is, he lived in his work. Let the teacher beit must be, because "he loves to be with a parcel of children." The world is not worthy of such, but it cannot get along without such.

THE opening of the schools in September will attract a great number of persons who are seeking occupation. It is roughly estimated that not less than 75,000 will enter upon teaching who have never taught before. Some of these have made preparation, they have attended Teachers' Institutes, but a vast number will enter on the important work with very low ideas of the responsibility that rests on them. To "keep a school" is in many parts of the land a semi-mechanical business; it demands love of children, culture, aptness to communicate knowledge, glimpses at least of underlying principles.

There seems to be a conception in the minds of some teachers that a "chair of pedagogics" should be established in every college. It is urged that many of the graduates will teach and that lectures on teaching will prove of great benefit. The function of the college is bestow general education; its object is not to make lawyers, physicians, engineers, teachers, or ministers. The state has recognized this fact; it has, so to speak, organized colleges and also normal schools. The only basis for the existence of the latter is that the state makes the teaching of the children a part of its business. The college graduate who proposes to teach should attend a normal school.

Suppose a man who chews tobacco extensively is chosen to the principalship of a normal school, what is he to do? Shall he chew and spit as he teaches the teachers how to teach; or shall he give an example in person of breaking away from a bad habit? The latter is the true course for him.

"Man is a product of his senses," says Moleschott. All that we know comes from without or is founded on what has come through the medium of the ters is one who strives to know all that can senses. Most attention, therefore, should be given in every school to the cultivation of the observing powers; it is too often left to chance.

> We are told that a law was passed in Ohio requiring on the part of teachers a knowledge U. S. History; no certificate now held is to be valid unless the teacher passes an examination in history. This part would seem to be expost facto law, and hence invalid. We doubt if any certificate now held can can be invalidated except for immoral conduct.

Habits are greater than facts. Establish in your pupils the habit of looking for the known in the unknown; of finding an illustration of each new fact gained in school, somewhere out of school, and he will teach himself. The old mi.acle of the loaves and the fishes will again take place. Your is true that many teachers are poorly paid, necessarily meager instruction will multiply itself into a broad education and become food for the B. H.

"THE longer I live the more I am certain that the great difference in men between the great and the insignificant, is energy, invincible determination, and honest purpose once formed, and then come absorbed in his teaching; let him be death or victory. This quality will do anything in called an enthusiast; let him be derided if it must be, because "the loves to be with a make a two legged creature a man without it. The very reputation of being strong-willed, plucky and indefatigable, is of priceless value. It often cows enemies, and dispels at the start opposition to one's undertaking, which would otherwise be formid-able."—SIR FOWELL BUXTON.

When a child is old enough to go to school, he is old enough to be taught the use of a pencil. His teacher should be competent to instruct him in the rudiments of drawing as well as in those of writing. A few half hours a week throughout his course at school will teach him enough of drawing to enable him to put on paper a representation, correct as far as it goes, of any object he wishes. So much every child has the capacity to learn, and most children like to learn it. There is no excuse for leaving out of our systems of education the elementary training of a faculty so simple, so universal, so useful. humanitarianism, special fitness, and some Such drawing is not art, but it bears much the same relation to art that the copy-book does to literature, and the rudiments of arithmetic to business or science.

Dr. RICHARDSON would give no more than three hours' book-teaching to any child under fourteen, and devote the time thus saved to physical education. He urges that boys should be taught the use of the lathe, the art of wood-cutting, the skill of the draughtsman, the method of distinguishing metals, and other simple experiments in chemistry, the arts of swimming and riding, and "a number of other good and useful branches of physical learning;" girls, besides the useful domestic accomplishments at present taught in the schools, should be instructed in the art of modeling, the art of coloring and painting on glass and porcelain, the various processes of selecting, sorting, preserving and preparing food for the table, and in all works pertaining to domestic life.

EMERSON's father died when he was eight years old, and he was left to the care of a tender mother with four or five other children, William, Edward, Charles, Bulkeley and a sister, who died young. In the education of these boys, Mrs. Emerson was greatly assisted by her husband's maiden sister, Miss Mary Moody Emerson, then about forty years old, to whom Waldo Emerson ascribed much that was best in his intellectual training. He once said that she was "the best writer in Massachusetts" at a time when Channing and Everett and Webster were writers there; and to Miss Peabody, who asked him, "What if you had not your Aunt Mary?" he replied, "That would have made a difference-she was as much an element in my life as Greece or Rome." This is a tribute to woman's influence, but she must have been a superior woman.-Springfield Republican.

More than a certain amount of knowledge cannot be imparted to a person at the various epochs of life. But what species of knowledge should be given in the different years and how that knowledge should be communicated are questions that have not begun to be solved. Evolutionists must look with disapprobation on the way in which boys, and particularly immature young women, are set to learn pages of hollow generalities under highsounding titles, such as moral philosophy and the like. It instructs them neither in morals nor in philosophy; it only prevents them ever afterward from opening a book on any subject connected in the remotest degree with those hated terms. Most of our schools deal in veneering; their instruction is a sham, though a well-meant sham. Those for boys are bad enough, but those for girls are cruel in their inefficiency. Parents must remember that economy is more honorable in any other direction than in the instruction of their children.

For the SCHOOL JOURNAL.

A TEACHER'S WORK.

It was a sultry September day, when Miss Irene Walker was brought by the lumbering red stage to the front of the Washington Hotel, in the village of Marston. She had been employed to teach in the public school and had just arrived; a few days were to elapse, and she was to enter on her work in an entirely new field. She was a young woman of a deep and strong character; her joy was to benefit others. She was intending to stay at the hotel until she had found a boarding place, but its aspect was not inviting.

Around the door of the saloon were a number of men; none were drunk, but all looked like drinkers; some sat on chairs, with their feet against the posts. All stared at the young teacher. The Washington Hotel had once been very respectable; that was when the father of the present landlord was alive. It was now the best hotel in town in the sense that it set a good table and was well furnished. In the ladies parlor was a piano and on the floor was a Brussels carpet.

One of the school board was Abraham Farrer, a young lawyer; it was predicted by some that he was the rising man in that part of the state; others shook their heads; they remembered that he had

begun to drink at the bar of the Washington Hotel. He himself felt secure; he did not drink because he liked it, but because it made friends; the landlord flattered him with, "nothing like coming among the people as you do, Squire; a dollar spent in treating a few people is money well laid out."

On this afternoon Mr. Farrer had important

On this afternoon Mr. Farrer had important business on hand, and waited to finish it before he came up to welcome the new teacher. She was the daughter of a client of his living at quite a distance, and her father had written to him in her behalf and so he felt it needful to call and see her. The business that had detained him was the drawing of a will for an elderly woman in the village. As she paid him she said, "Mr. Farrer, I want you to be the first man in the county and state—I don't mean in money or in position, but in goodness. I am now nearly eighty years of age and I know that goodness is the only possession worth having."

The words sank deep in his mind and he pondered them over as he hastened to the hotel. As he came up the steps there was a stir. "There's the Squire." "Hullo, Farrer, come in; I've just had a drink, but I will take another with you."

He went into the bar-room and those on the steps came in; they knew the prospect was good for free drinks, when the candidate for an office was around. The bar-keeper leaned on the bar, waiting for orders,—when a voice of great power and sweetness began to accompany the sounds of the piano which she had been playing on very softly for several minutes, and almost unobserved.

Oh what shall the harvest be? Oh what shall the harvest be?

All listened spell-bound; it was as if a spirit had sung.

"By George, she sings well, doesn't she."

"Who is it?" said Farrer.

"Why, the new school ma'am, and by the way, she asked for you."

"I ought to have called on her and must go now," saying this he went into the parlor, and introduced himself. Miss Walker asked to be accompanied to her boarding house; Mr. Farrer thought she had better stay where she was for a few days. Her decided refusal led him to ask why she objected to remain. "This hotel is a place where ruin is wrought. I can see it too plainly." The words of the song were ringing in his mind; he politely put himself at her service and they walked up the

"Mark my words, boys, that petticoat will reform Abe Farrer; I feel that she is one of the sort that a man cannot stand."

"Well, it is just as well for him to keep away from here, and for that matter, so it would be for all of us."

The words of that song were only the echo of the thoughts that are in Miss Walker's mind. She talked like one in earnest; she felt that it was possible to do good to all she met. And the walk up the street to a boarding house was not without its effect on her companion. He had been sliding down so slowly that he hardly knew it until that afternoon. But when he went home it was to resolved that from that time he would be a new man. And he resolutely followed his determination.

JOHN PLOUGHMAN'S SAYINGS.—Better go round about than fall into the ditch.

No one knows the weight of another's burden. What children hear at home, they tell abroad. Better out of the fashion than out of credit.

The cobbler's wife is badly shod. Leave off no clothes, till you see a June rose.

He doeth much, that loveth much.

Do not ride till you are ready, or you may fall off. One hair of a woman draws more than a team of

A friend is easier lost than found.

He who would eat the kernel must crack the nut.

The latest fashion is often the latest folly.

If God lights the candle, Satan cannot blow it
ut. (Whit Sunday.)

If thou canst not see the bottom, wade not.

If thou canst not see the bottom, wade n It is mean to say what you don't mean.

THE SCHOOL-ROOM.

For the SCHOOL JOURNAL

LONGFELLOW MEMORIAL EXERCISES.

FOR SCHOOL USE.

The death of Longfellow has called more particular attention to his writings; and the interest in them is shared by the children, as he has written so many things that children can understand. The teacher can foster this interest in many ways; a good plan is to spend an hour in suitable exercises, which should be planned and talked over a week before-hand to give the scholars time to prepare recitations, quotations, readings, etc. A song may open the exercise, and so many of Longfellow's vords have been set to music that it will be easy to find something suitable. The teacher may state in a few words why the scholars should be interested in the poet, and the object of the exercises. biography naturally follows, which should be the work of one or more scholars. Each one should be called on for a quotation, giving the course at the end. For instance. "We judge ourselves by what we feel capable of doing while others judge us by what we have already done. From Kavanagh."

A list of Longfellow's works, divided into prose writings, collected poems and longer poems may be read by one scholar. An extract from some prose work by another; anecdotes of his life read or related by others; one or more recitations; reading of a poem, and a selected criticism; an original criticism, if possible; reading of one of the many beautiful tributes in verse paid to the deceased

poet.

This program need not be strictly followed, but may be adopted by the teacher to his especial class or school. The exercises can be made more attractive by decorating the room in some way; placing a portrait of Longfellow and a picture of his home on the walls. Pictures of many of the subjects of his poems can be collected from illustrated papers and pasted neatly on a large card and hung up. Other things will suggest themselves to the teacher who earnestly desires to awaken in his pupils a love for good reading.

The "Longfellow Birthday Book," "Longfellow Leaflets, and the cheap editions of Hyperion and Outre Merable published by Houghton, Mifflin & Co., will be of great use for such exercises.

TEACHING READING.

(The following notes of Col. Parker's lectures at Martha's Vineyard will befound very interesting.)

The underlying principle of Col. Parker's practice became apparent in discussing the question, "What is Reading?" He defines it—"Getting thought by printed or written words arranged in sentences." As a result of this definition, the old A B C teaching becomes obselete; nor must a word by itself be taught. A word when taught must be part of an idea already in the mind; indeed, some instructors acting on this principle would not teach words at first, but sentences; such words as red, hand, sweet, which in themselves do not suggest ideas, must be associated with other words when being taught.

Picture making in the child's mind is the first step towards reading; a hat held before the child and its attention attracted to it, then placed on a chair; the child encouraged to say something about it: "The hat is on the chair;" relationship exists here, and is easily perceived, because the objects are present; words written on the board express the same thing, although less vividly, because the idea already exists in the mind. Oral reading is only to enable the teacher to see how the thoughts are in the child's mind, or whether it is there at all or not. This presupposes on the part of the teacher an ability to read the mind before her; but a teacher can hardly pursue her work with any interest without acquiring this faculty; to comprehend idea growth, thought arousing thought, is the foundation of that pshycological knowledge needed by one who would succeed as a teacher.

To illustrate methods to be pursued: One of the Quincy teachers called together a class of four who ould not read. The word she intended to teach was fan; with the fan in her hand she talked quietly and naturally to them until all were interested ad answered her simple questions and expressed their own opinion as readily as if talking to one nother; then she asked them to close their eyes nd see the fan; when they decided that this could he done, she had one pupil describe the dream-fan, and the others add any other particulars apparent to their minds; they had told her by spoken words; ney had sometimes had letters that told them about things by written words; the teacher would ow tell them on the board with the crayon the hing they were talking about. She then wrote for ach the word "fan;" they told her after carefully ooking at the word what it said to them, and paricular pains was taken as to its ennunciation: "Is there any other way to tell me about this tan?" They decide they could make a picture of it, and ecordingly each one was furnished with material and encouraged to draw on the board a representaion of a fan; nothing said as to its difficulty or heir inability, but the crudest effort was praised. Will you touch a fan ?" All turned to the real article, instead of the pictures; then a little talk as to the object and the things which tell about it. The group were then sent to their seats, the lesson not occupying more than fifteen minutes. In answer to queries, the following additional points were developed: A large class would be divided into small groups, each group taken separately and a similar plan followed; the lesson for each group to be short, and on returning to their seats the pupils encouraged to produce on their slates the word and picture given on the board; writing, and to some extent drawing, to keep pace with the words astered.

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The subject of script and printed forms was inerestingly discussed; how best to pass from one form to the other; the size of the vocabulary to be required of the child during the first year, and the class of words to be comprised in it.

Throughout the discussions upon whatever subject, the question is constantly recurring, "Are we as teachers, constantly looking into the child's mind and working according to what we see there ?"

QUINCY METHODS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT AT MARTHA'S VINEYARD.) Col. Parker, of Quincy fame, has given a new mpetus to the Summer Institute here. Already ver three hundred names are enrolled, including, esides the school-masters and ma'ams, college and university professors, and private individuals interested in self-improvement; financially it is a sucess, the fees already amounting to more than four thousand dollars, and yet every day brings fresh

Col. Parker is the instructor, whose lectures and talks are most fully attended; the course marked out and the distinguished names given in his program for the five weeks, as well as the one hundred or more who have entered his department, indicate the very general interest felt in all that promise improvement in methods of instruction. A course of lectures upon teaching extending over five weeks, occupying each day two hours, may eem formidable and tedious, especially, as the plan laid out indicates that the work will chiefly deal with elementary instruction, but in a great variety of topics it will be discussed; other advanced thinkers will consider and debate a range of subjects diverging from this central topic. Prof. Holt of Boston, presents his method of instructing the youngest in music. Lessons in simple gymnastics are given and directions for practicing them in any school which has aisles, no matter how little additional space is available. Lessons in molding, drawing, etc., in the kindergarten are also given. I need not say that the utmost enthusiasm prevails. Col. Parker is a genius, and is doing a remarkable

Aug. 1, 1882,

VALEDICTORY.

BY NATHAN STRAUSS.

M. D. G. S. 15, N. Y. City, on graduating, June, 1882. "We live in deeds, not years; He most lives who thinks most, Feels the noblest, acts the best,'

No more appropriate motto could be adopted by us at the close of our school year. To live is not merely to exist. To eat, to drink, to sleep-brutes do all these; vegetables eat, drink, grow and die. They fill their allotted place in the universe, and do their part well. But we, as beings endowed with higher faculties, are called upon to do more. Our minds must be nourished as well as our bodies; our hearts must be trained as well as our intellects. The perception of this truth led wise and good men to lay deep in this country the foundations of universal education. Our free school system recognizes the superiority of mind over matter. Ibrecognizes the fact that no one is well fitted to fill his place as a citizen of this great Republic, whose mind is not cultivated, or who has not been trained to habits of industry and obedience. The vast amount of money appropriated to sustain our public school system gives evidence of the deep conviction that education is the bulwark of the liberty of the State.

We are furnished with commodious school-houses. the best of books, intelligent and faithful teachers and the gratuitous services of gentlemen who, in the capacity of school commissioners, trustees and inspectors, assume the duty of guarding and administering the sacred trust confided to them. As pupils we have our part to perform, without which all this expenditure of time and money will be without avail.

The boys of No. 15 have. I think, been generally mindful of the privileges which they have enjoyed during the school year about to close, and they have improved them. The large number of certificates awarded to-day gives evidence of honest work faithfully performed. Let us remember that what we have done, we have done for ourselves. We have indeed by our industry gratified our beloved parents and teachers, but the reward is ours, and not another's.

Let us remember, too, that we have but just commenced to climb the ladder of learning. Even those of us who have been successful in passing the examination for and expect soon to enter college have but just commenced, and I suppose the more we learn the less shall we appear to ourselves to know. There is so much to be learned in this vast universe that enfolds and surrounds us.

Speaking for myself and associates who are about to leave No. 15, permit me to extend our thanks to the teachers, who step by step aided and guided us as we advanced from class to class, until we are now ready to commence and continue the same process in a more advanced seminary of learning,

Wherever we may be we will never forget No. 15, its teachers and school officers.

And now, my dear school-mates, as we say farewell to you, accept our best wishes for your future welfare and happiness. Be faithful, be true to your-selves; be dutiful to your teachers and parents, and remember: "He most lives who thinks most, feels the noblest, acts the best."

In the best books, great men talk to us, with us and give us their most precious thoughts. Books are the voices of the distant and the dead. Books are the true levelers. They give to all who will faithfully use them, the society and presence of the best and greatest of our race. No matter how poor I am; no matter though the prosperous of my own time will not enter my obscure dwelling, if learned men and poets will enter and take up their abode under my roof—if Milton will cross my threshold to sing to me of Paradise, and Shakespeare open to me the world of imagination and the workings of the human heart, and Franklin enrich me with his practical wisdom—I shall not pine for want of intellectual companionship, and I may become a cultivated man, though excluded from what is called the best society in the place where I live.

Nothing can supply the place of books. They are cheering and soothing companions in solitude, illness, or affliction. The wealth of both continents could not compensate for the good they impart. Let every man, if possible, gather some good books under his roof, and obtain access for himself and family to some social library. Almost any luxury should be sacrificed to this.—W, E, CHANNING.

8. The dimensions of a room are 16 feet by 14 feet by 11 feet. Find the longest straight line in the room.

9. Develop a rule for the extraction of the cube room.

10. State in order the results aimed at in teaching primary arithmetic.

11. Name the books required in Single Entry and Books:

22. Enter the following transactions in the proper books:

33. Jan. 1, 1880. Sold John Hart 1 lb. Tea a 50c.; 4 lbs. Tobacco a 65c., 5 yds. Flannel a 45c., 1 pair Boots a \$2.50, 18 lbs. Sugar a 11c. and 5 lbs. Soap a 16c. Same date, sold Hiram Ensign 4 yds. Broad-loth a \$1.75, 1 set Crockery a \$7.50, 3lbs. Tea a 56c. and 2 gals. of Molasses a 75c. Same date, sold John Mitchell, per daughter, 15 yds. Silk a sold John Mitchell, per daughter, 15 yds. Silk a sold John Mitchell, per daughter, 15 yds. Silk a sold John Mitchell,

NEW YORK STATE EXAMINATION.

The Examination for State Certificates, by direction of the Department of Public Instruction, took place June 28, 1882.

ALOEBRA.

- 1. Discuss, and illustrate by suitable examples, the treatment of a minus sign of a subtrahend, and of minus into minus in multiplication.
- 2. Find greatest common divisor and reduce to lowest terms the following:

$$\frac{12 x^{2} - 15 x y + 3 y^{2}}{6 x^{3} - 6 x^{2} y + 2 x y^{2} - 2 y^{3}}$$

3. Find the values of the unknown quantities in the following:

$$x - \frac{z - y}{3} = 19 - \frac{6}{7},$$

$$\frac{y}{3} + \frac{x + z}{7} = 1, \text{ and}$$

$$2z - 14y + x = 5.$$
4. Add $\sqrt{(1 + a)^{-1}}$, $\sqrt{a^{2}(1 + a)^{-1}}$, and
$$\sqrt{(x + a)} = (1 - a)^{-3}.$$

x -- 9 x-4 4 (x - 16) 5. Given $\sqrt{x+3}$ $\frac{3}{3} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x-2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+4}}$

to find the value of x.

- 6. Discuss the methods of completing the squares in affected quadratic equations and prove the correctness of each.
- 7. Two cubical vessels have together a capacity of 1072 cubic inches and the sum of their heights is 16 inches; what is the capacity of each ?
- 8. Given $x + \sqrt{x} : x \sqrt{x} : 3 \sqrt{x + 6} : 2 \sqrt{x}$, to find the value of x.
- 9. Prove the propositions in proportion employed in solving the last example.
- 10. Four numbers are in geometrical progression. Their sum is 120, and the last term is to one-half the sum of the means as 9 to 2. What are the numbers ?

ARITHMETIC.

- 1. Reduce TATA to its lowest terms by different methods, and state all the principles involved in the processes.
- 2. Draw a promissory note for \$728.46, at 90 days, bearing 5 per cent. interest and dated May 6, 1877. Make the following indorsements: Jan. 15, 1878, \$75; Feb. 10, 1879, \$25; March 20, 1880, \$150. Compute the amount due to date.
- 3. Illustrate the difference between true and bank
- 4. A merchant marks cloth at \$2.00 per yard, so that he may drop 10 per cent and yet gain 20 per cent. Find cost price.
- 5. State the principles of Arithmetic involved in partnership settlements.
- 6. The dimensions of a grain bin are 12 feet by 10 feet by 7. How much grain does it hold?
- 7. A sphere is 12 inches in diameter. Find the circumference of another sphere containing onequarter the volume of the first.
- 8. The dimensions of a room are 16 feet by 14 feet by 11 feet. Find the longest straight line in

\$1.75, 15 yds. Calico, a 9c., 25 yds. Carpeting a \$1.40, and 1 pair Shoes a \$4,50. Jan. 3. Sold John Hart, 18 yds. Sheeting a 10c., 1 pair Shoes a \$3,00, 1 Broom a 35c., and 2 lamps a 60c. each. Same date, sold Henry Seymour 1 Axe a \$1.25, 1 File a 40c., 20 lbs. Nails a 6c., 1 Saw a 50c., and 5 lbs. Tea a 55c.

3. Make a statement of acc't of John Hart and

receipt it in full.

4. Write a receipt in full showing a settlement of account with Henry Seymour.

5. Write a bank check.

Write an ordinary negotiable note.

Write a bank note.

8. Explain the relation of each of the several parties to a note.

9. Define Double Entry, and state the application of the terms debtor and creditor.

10. Give the general rule for journalizing inDouble DRAWING.

1. Name the leading objects to be attained by drawing in the schools.

2. To what other studies is it related?

3. What is perspective drawing? 4. State its universal law.

5. Explain what is meant by point of sight and jection. secing in space.

6. Illustrate foreshortening.

7. State the effect of distance upon the representation of lines in various directions in object drawing.

8. State and illustrate the effect of position upon a circular object, as a plate, showing it in three

9. Draw a cube viewed obliquely and give reasons for the length and directions of lines as represented.

10. Draw an upright cylinder. WRITING.

1. What is your method of teaching writing in primary grades? Why?

2. Is the writing class a necessity of school work 3. Give a general outline of your method of con-

ducting writing classes.

4. Form and analyze A, B, G, Y.

5. Form and analyze a, b, g, y.

What is the unit of height and what the unit of width for the small letters?

7. Which letters require three times the unit of height ?

8. Which require twice the unit of height?

9. Describe proper position at the desk?

10. Describe proper mode of holding the pen ? READING.

1. State in detail the qualities that characterize good reading.

2. Give a complete classification of reading matter.

3. Define modulation, and give one illustration.

4. Define articulation, pitch, rate and emphasis.

5. State the physical conditions of good reading.6. State the limitations of imitation in reading.

7. State the uses and limitations of concert reading.

8. Name three errors that you have noticed in the instruction of reading classes, and state the principle violated in each case.

9. State the distinctive features of public reading. 10. Describe a method of teaching primary read-

ing, and give reasons for the several steps.

GEOGRAPHY.

1. Name the articles of an East Indian cargo. Describe a continuous voyage from India to St. Petersburgh, giving approximate directions and distances

3. Describe and account for the climate of Cali-

3. Account for the terms equator, isothermal, arctic, tropic, peninsula, meridian, promontory, antipodes, and equinor.

4. Describe the constant winds of the earth.

5. Name all the conditions on which the regular change of seasons depends.

6. Name in order the leading tributaries of the Mississippi river.

7. Sketch a map of South America, including es

8. Locate New York, Liverpool, Lyons, Athens, and Sydney

9. In what great drainage systems is New York State situated?

10. Describe a method of teaching primary geography.

GRAMMAR,

1. Define grammar in its technical sense.

2. State the place of technical grammar in a course of instruction, and give three reasons for studying it.

3. Fix the place of composition, and state its re-

lationship to technical grammar.

4. Give reasons for an order of precedence in the study of etymology and syntax. 5. Why are certain parts called the principal

parts of a verb ! Illustrate. 6. Define sentence, clause and proposition.

7. In how many ways may clauses be classified?

8. Give examples of the different uses of the participle, also examples in which the form and function do not correspond.

9. Give reasons for the use of the terms declension, inflection, conjugation, preposition, and inter-

10. Analyzs and parse:

"Breathes there a man with soul so dead Who never to himself hath said 'This is my own, my native land?'"

UNITED STATES HISTORY.

1. Mention, the names and dates, the facts on which European nations laid claim to North American territory, prior to the Revolution.

2. Describe approximately the location of these

3. Mention the leading motives which accuated pioneers in the colonization of (a) Massachusetts, (b) Connecticut, (c) Rhode Island, (d) Muryland, (e) Georgia, and (f) Pennsylvania.

4. What was the remote, and what the immediate cause of the French and Indian war?

5. Mention the events of that war which form part of the history of this State.

6. Mention four decisive battles of the Revolution, and state your reasons for considering them decisive.

7. Mention all our important acquisitions of territory since the Revolution, and state how they were gained (with dates).

8. Of the second war with Great Britain, give brief description of (a) the most important battle engaging both land and naval forces, (b) the most decisive naval battle on the lakes, (c) two important naval engagements on the ocean, (d) the last important battle of the war. Give also (e) the chief cause of the war.

9. Of the late Rebellion mention (a) three most important military events during the first half of July, 18.3, and give the chief results of each. Give dates of [1] attack on Fort Sumter, [2] Emancipation Proclamation, [3] Lee's Surrender, and [4] the Assassination of Lincoln. (c) State the chief difference between the Reconstruction Policy of President Johnson and that of Congress.

10. Mention (with briefly stated reasons for so considering them) five events of the last fifteen years, that, in your opinion, bave materially affected this Nation politically, socially or industri-

GENERAL HISTORY.

1. Name the three great periods of history, State the time embraced in each, and the events marking marking their separation. 2. Name in order the controlling nations of the

first period.

3. State some effects of each of the following conquests: The Greek, the Roman, the Mohammedan, the Norman.

4. Name the most illustrious persons of the Re naissance period. Tell to what country each be longed, and in what respect each distinguished himself.

5. Give an account of Charles V.

6. State what you know of modern colonization.

7. Give an account of Napoleon I.

8. Name the leading explorers of the nineteenth century.

9 Give a synopsis of the history of Turkey for the last thirty years.

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10. State the place of general history in a cour of education, and indicate a method of teaching in GEOMETRY.

1. Find an expression for the circumference of circle in terms of the radius.

2. What is the name of that regular polygo whose side equals the radius of the circumscribe circle? Demonstrate the equality.

3. A triangle and a square have equal areas, by the base of the triangle is two and one-third time the side of the square. Find an expression for ti altitude of the triangle in terms of the side of the square.

State and demonstrate the proposition on which your solution depends.

4. Let a represent the longer and b the shorter two lines. Demonstrate geometrically that

(a-b)2=a2-2ab+b2; 5. When is a circle said to be circumscribed abo

a triangle? 6. Show how to circumscribe a circle about calene triangle. Then state and demonstrate th

proposition on which your solution depends. 7. Draw an isosceles triangle with two equals 7. Draw an isosceles triangle with two equals 7. angles at the base. Then demonstrate by at le three modes that a line which bisects the vertical angle will also bisect the base

8. What is the name of the greatest chord of circle? Prove it.

9. What line measures the distance between two parallel tangents, when that distance is greater than zero?

10. Describe and explain a practical mode of measuring the height of accessible buildings, hills etc., with improvised apparatus.

ASTRONOMY.

1. Name in order the planets of the Solar System 2. Describe the orbit of the earth. State the law of planetary revolution, and state all the effects of this law in the case of the earth.

3. State the causes and effects of the procession of the equinoxes.

4. Name all the eclipses, and state all the conditions under which they occur.

5. Explain the nodes of the moon.

6. Give a complete account of the "harvest moon." 7. Name all the constellations of the Zodiac. Account for the terms constellation, zodiac, solstice.

8. Name ten constellations of the northern heavens, and the brightest star in each.

9. Name the principal nebulæ, and tell what you know of their nature.

10. Give an account of the sun.

ZOOLOGY.

1. Give the etymology of the word Zoology and define it.

2. What is the application of the term fauna?

3. To what kinds of animals do you apply re spectively the terms (a) vertebrata, (b) radiata, (c) articulata, and (d) mollusea?

4. Give the etymology of the foregoing terms.

5. Assign the following to appropriate classes, (a) a cow, (b) a red squirrel, (c) panther, (d) an oyster. (e) an elephant, (f) a fly, (g) a swan, and (h) whale 6. Is the common expression, "coral insect,"

scientifically correct? Why? 7. Arrange, in proper order, the terms variety division, order, species, and genus.

8. Define the foregoing terms and illustrate their

9. What is the place of Zoology in a course of

10. Describe your method of teaching Zoology.

BOTANY. 1. Give three classifications of plants and state

the basis of each classification. 2. Describe the following leaves: the maple, the

ash, the elm, the willow. 3. State the varieties of inflorescence, giving examples of each.

4. Name all the parts of a flower.

5. State the functions of the leaf, the corolla, the stigma, the anther.

6. Name the leading plants of the different zones

7. Mention the parts of plants that are used as and.

8. Name the parts of a fruit.

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9. Name the leading plants indigenous to New Vork State.

10. When and how should Botany be first taught GEOLOGY.

1. Mention the great geological eras in order. 2. Give the salient characteristics of each era.

3. Give a general classification of rocks

Account for the name applied to each class.

Define the terms shale and schist.

What is the chief difference between shale 6. slate and grit ?

7. Give a brief statement of the Neptunist and the Plutonist theories.

8. Mention the leading geological features of your wn country. 9. In what geological formation would you look

for trilobites ?

10. Would you expect to find coal in Central New York ? Why ?

CHEMISTRY.

1. Mention in full the differences between affinity and attraction.

2. What is an element ?

3. Do the specific properties of elements afford a means of ascertaining the specific properties of compounds? Illustrate.

4. Do the equivalents of elements afford a means of ascertaining the equivalents of compounds? Illustrate.

5. What influence have heat and solution upon chemical action? Why?

6. Of what is the air composed?

7. Is air a mixture or a compound? Explain.

f. What relation to digestion has common salt in food ?

9. Explain the action of yeast in bread making and of sour milk in biscuit making.

10. How do you teach Elementary Chemistry?

PHYSICS.

1. What is matter !

2. What is a general property of matter?

3. Name and define four general properties of matter.

4. A ball is hurled from the ground vertically with such velocity that it ascends 176 feet the first second. To what height will it ascend and in how many seconds return ?

5. A 200 lb. weight is attached to a six foot lever six inches from one end (fulcrum), and to the other end is attached a movable pulley. A rope fastened to the ceiling goes through this movable pulley and over a fixed pulley fastened to the ceiling. weight must be attached to the free end of the rope to balance the weight on the lever (friction and weight of rope, pulleys, and lever not considered) ?

6. Illustrate by a figure and explain how a vessel may sail eastward with a north wind.

7. Give the theory of the color of objects (to explain why some are blue, others red, etc.).

8. What influence have variations of density and

temperature upon velocity of sound in air ? 9. Describe and explain some good means of ventilating a school-room.

10. Explain the phenomena of lightning and thunder.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

1. Describe the process of respiration and its effects.

2. Name the bones in the arm and hand.

3. Trace food in several stages, from mastication to assimilation.

4. Explain the action of the heart.

5. Name the principal divisions of the nervous

6. Specify the injuries that may result from un-

suitable seats and desks. 7. Give physiological reasons for keeping a schoolroom clean and well ventilated.

8. State precautions to be observed in regard to admitting light into the school-room. Give reasons.

9. Give reasons for not engaging in mental work immediately after eating a hearty meal.

10. Specify the injuries that result from drafts and damp clothing.

GENERAL LITERATURE.

1. Name the oldest English epic, and give the ar gument.

2. What great Italian man of letters was a contemporary and probably a friend of Chaucer?

3. Mention the best known (a) of Chaucer's works (b) of his distinguished Italian contemporary.

4. Into what three periods may English literature be divided ! Give some reasons for this division.

5. (a) Mention at least one writer of the earliest period, and give the name and character of one of his works. (b) To which period belonged Mandeville, Wycliffe and Gower, and in what department of literature did each gain eminence ! (c) Who wrote the "Piers Ploughman" Series? (d) Mention the greatest non-dramatic poet, the most eminent dramatist and the most distinguished prose writer of the sixteenth century, and give the title of at least one of the works of each? (e) Who were the "Lake poets ?"

6. In what department of poetry do you class(a) "Paradise Lost," (b) "L'Alegro," (c) "Childe Harold," (d) "Elegy in a Country Churchyard," (e) "Bridge of Sighs," "Essay on Man," (g) "Alexander's Feast," (h) " The American Flag?"

7. Name the authors of the following : (a) "Iliad" (b) "Œlipus Tyrannus," (c) "The Captives," (d) "Metamorphoses," (e) "Georgics," (f) "Commentaries on the Gallic War," (g) "The Inferno," (h) "The Dunciad," and (i) "Don Quixote."

8. Assign each of the foregoing works to its appropriate department of literature, and mention the period in which its author lived.

9. In American literature mention (a) five distinguished poets and their principal works, (b) three distinguished novelists and their chief works, (c) three distinguished historians and their works, (d) the character of the Federalist and the names of its authors, (e) two distinguished writers on Jurisprudence and Municipal Law, and (f) three distinguished writers on scientific subjects.

10. Can you mentian an American epic and its author?

CÆSAR.

(Cæsar) His (1) rebus (2) cognitis, exploratores centurionesque praæmittit, qui locum idoneum (3) castris (4) deligant. Quum ex dediticiis (or dedititiis) Belgis reliquisaue Gallis complures Cæsarem secuti una iter facerent, quidam ex his (ut postea ex capivis cognitum est) eorum dierum consuetudine itineris nostri exercitus perspecta, (5) nocte ad Nervios pervenerunt atque (6) his (7) demonstrarunt, inter singulas legiones impedimentorum magnum (8) numerum intercedere, neque esse quidquam (0) negotii, quum prima legio in castra (10) venisset reliquæque legiones magnum (11) 4patium abessent, hanc sub sarcinis (12) adoriri; qua pulsa impedimentisque direptis, (13) futurum, ut relique contra consistere non (14) auderent.

N.B.—The numbers in brackets belong with the word following them.

1. Write, as nearly as possible, a literal translation.

2. Write an idiomatic translation.

3. Parse (1) and (2.)

4. Parse (3.) Account for the mode of (4) and give its parts.

5. Ut postea, etc. Why is not the verb in the subjunctive?

6. Account for the cases of (5), (6), (8) and (9), and for the form of (7.)

7. Give full declension of (5), and account for the form of the nominative singular.

8. Parse (10) in full, account for the case of (11) and give the parts of (12).

9. Parse (13) in full,

10. Account for both the mode and the tense of (14).

COMPOSITION AND RHETORIC.

1. Write a composition of at least a hundred words.

2. Define parity, propriety, and precision.

3 Name the requisites of good style. 4. Name the different varieties of style.

5. Name and define the figures employed in com-

6. State some faults prevalent among untrained writers.

7. State some prerequisites of good composition.

8. Explain what is meant by slang, provincialisms, and vulgarisms.

9. Make the distinction between wit and humor. 10. Describe a method of teaching composition

in primary grades. State the principles of the method.

CIVIL GOVERNMENT.

1. Name the members of the President's cabinet, and give their antecedents.

2. Mention the different bureaus of the Interior Department, and give their respective functions.

3. Mention three marked differences between the Constitution and the Articles of Confederation, and give reasons for the change.

4. Give reasons for the long term of Senators and the short term of Representatives.

5. How is the United States Senate made a perpetual body, and why is it so constituted ?

6. Can a member of Congress be a member of the United States Supreme Court? What general principle of government underlies the constitutional provision with regard to this?

7. Make a table showing the corresponding departments of the U.S. and New York State govern-

8. What marked difference between the mode of constituting the judiciary of the United States and that of New York ?

9. What county officer is not eligible for successive terms ?

10. What county officer is required to have professional qualifications for eligibility?

METHODS AND SCHOOL ECONOMY.

1. Give the distinguishing characteristics of primary and advanced teaching.

2. Define the term study.

3. Describe a method of conducting an advanced recitation. 4. State the purposes of an advanced recitation.

5. State the purposes of a primary recitation. 6. Distinguish between primary and advanced

employments. 7. Give a complete list of the appliances needed

in teaching. 8. State some of the uses and abuses of school

sports 9. State all the principles on which you would make a daily programme.

10. Give an account of the movements necessary to orderly school work.

SCHOOL LAW.

1. Mention the different classes and grades of certificates and licenses to teach.

2. By whom are they respectively granted?

3. For what causes and by whom may they be nnulled ?

4. How is a pupil appointed to a normal school?

5. What privileges does this appointment confer? 6. What are the terms of office of (a) the State Superintendent, (b) School Commissioners, and (c)

School Trustees 7. By whom are they respectively elected to

office?

8. Who are qualified to vote at school meetings? 9. Give an account of the different items that con-

stitute the public money for the support of schools? 10. What are the duties of Loan Commissioners?

THE EVENING VISIT.

CHARACTERS: Grandfather Jones, Mr. Jones, Frank Jones, Ned Beedle.

[Grandfather Jones is sitting in an arm-chair with his head tied up, holding a cane; he is very deaf. When he speaks it is very loud. Mr. Jones is reading a newspaper. Frank is reading a book. A knock is heard at the door. Frank opens it.]

Frank. Good evening, Ned. Ned. Good evening. How do you do?

Mr. Jones. Good evening, Nod. We are all pretty well. Take a chair. (Resumes reading.)

Grandfather Jones. (Loud.) Who is it? Who is it just ame in?

F. Ned Beedle.

G. Ned Peters! Who is Ned Peters, eh? Where does he live?

F. Ned Beedle.

G. Ned Peters! I don't know Ned Peters! Who is he? What does he want?

E. (Loud.) I said Ned Beedle.

G. What !

Mr. J. and F. Ned Beedle.

G. Oh, Ned Beedle! Why did'nt you say so at first? Well, what does he want—Neddy Beedle, eh?

N. B. Good evening, Grandpa.

G. Was it your father or grandfather that was at the battle of Bunker Hill?

N. My grandfather, I suppose.

G. Eh, your grandmother! No nonsense young man; it could'nt have been your grandmother-

N. I said my grandfather.

G. No, you didnt. I heard you say grandmother. They think-

Mr. J. Come father, come, let's talk of something else. How are the crops down your way. Mr. Beedle?

N. Very fine-our oats are going to yield forty bushels to the acre.

G. What's that; does he say our dog Bose is fourteen years old? No such thing.

F. We were talking about oats, grandpa.
G. About boats! What boats? Who'se got a boat

Mr. J. (Loud.) About oats; he says his oats will give forty bushels to the acre.

G. That's a pretty story! What does he know about oats? That's like his story about his grandmother being in the battle of Bunker Hill-

Mr. J. Why, grandpa, he said his grandfather; you did not hear him distinctly.

G. (Shaking his cane.) Don't tell me; I can hear a great deal better than you think. He said his grandmother fought at the battle of Bunker Hill.

Mr. J. Come now, father, don't say any more this

F. Were you at meeting last Sunday, Ned?
N. Yes, and I think I never heard such a good ser on. Mr. Robinson preached pretty plain, did'nt he?
F. Yes, and the Smith family needs it. Think of what

goings on they have had. (Both laugh.)

G. What are they laughing at? Are they laughing

Mr. J. Oh no, father; they were talking about the Smiths.

G. What Smiths? Deacon Smith.

F. No; Peter Smith; they had a great] party there last week

G. No one told me about it before. What did they do?

Why, some one upset a wagon.

G. What is there to laugh at in that? Does Ned Beedle come here to tell a big story about his grandmother being at Bunker Hill, and now another one about Deacon Smith?

N. It was Peter Smith, not Deacon Smith.

G. I heard you say Deacon Smith.

Mr. J. Come, father, try and get a rap.

G. I can't sleep as long as Ned Beedle is here; he talks so loud that no one can hear themselves think.

Mr. J. Why, grandpa!

N. I think I had better go.

Mr. J. No, no; sit down; grandpa is a little cross don't go.

A. (sits) I went over to Marshfield yesterday, and saw the elephant that Barnum has just bought. There wa a fear that he would escape. He ran up Barker's Hill, and-

G. What does he say about Bunker Hill? Is he telling more stories about his grandmother? Mr. J. No, father; he is telling about the elephant at

Barker's Hill. G. That's some more of his nonsense. I tell you there

was no elephant at Bunker Hill.

F. He said at (loud) Barker's Hill.

G. Barker has'nt got a mill. Does Ned Beedle say

Mr. J. (Loud.) He said Barker's Hill?

G. Oh! that's it.

F. Grandpa is queer to-night.

N. I think so.

G. Ned Beedle.

N. Well, sir?

G. You have come here to-night to spark Sally. Don't tell me. I know it. That's why you put your good clothes on. That's why you told us about your grandmother at Bunker Hill, and forty bushels of hops and Deacon Smith getting drunk, and Barker's grist

mill. Now, Ned Beedle, you ain't smart enough for our Sally

Mr. J. Father, father, you must not go on so. Never mind him, Mr. Beedle.

N. I see the old gentleman has a grudge against me, and I'll come some other time

F. Well, come soon, and don't stay away on account grandpa.

N. Good night.

E. and Mr. Jones. Good night.

G. What! Is he going? Is Ned Beedle going?

N. Yes, sir. (Exit.)

[Curtain falls.]

CROSS-EXAMINATION.

CHARACTERS: Judge, Mr. Clapp (lawyer), Mr. Snap (do), several jurymen, Sheriff, Clerk.

[The judge should sit on a high seat and wear glass the lawyers must be able to get excited. One has a low bass voice, the other a high shrill voice. The jury must look careless and indifferent. The judge comes in first, then the sheriff, then the lawyers, witness, and jury-men. The sheriff gives the judge a seat, and all talk together; the lawyer seats himself and brushes up his

Judge. Call the Court, Mr. Sheriff.

Sheriff. (Rises.) Oh yes, oh yes, the High Court for Jones County is now in session, and all parties having business before it will present themselves without de-(All shuffle into seats. Sheriff raps, "Order in lay. the court.)

Jud. Mr. Clerk, what case is on the calendar? Clerk. Porkins versus Dorkins, your honor.

Jud. Who appears for Porkins?

Mr. Clapp. I do, your honor, (low bass voice.)

Jud. Who appears for Dorkins?

Mr. Snap. I do, your honor, (high shrill voice.)

Jud. What is the case? You may open it, Mr. Clapp. Mr. C. May it please the court, Mr. Porkins sold some old cheese—very fine old cheese—to Mr. Dorkins. Mr. Dorkins refuses to pay the bill, which is very moderate, only three dollars and fifty cents, and so suit is brought. And, your honor, (much excited), the despicable thing about it is, that Mr. Dorkins says he never had the cheese. This makes the case a remarkable-(shakes his fist)-yes, it is without a parallel. (Sits down and wipes his forehead.)

S. May it please the court. On the part of Mr. Dorkins, I do most emphatically declare (excitedly) that we never had the aforesaid cheese. And what is more, no one who has any regard for his life and health will allow himself to partake of such cheese as Mr. Porkins keeps at his store. (Sits down and wipes his forehead.)

Jud. Have you any witnesses, Mr. Clapp.

C. Yes, Mr. Trap.

Jud. Call the witness, Mr. Sheriff.

Sh. (Rises and calls out loud.) Oh yes, oh yes, Mr. Flap, come into court and give your testimony.

C. Not Flap-I said Trap.

Sh. Oh yes, Mr. Trap. come into court and give your testimony.

(Witness looks much frightened; stumbles along, and takes his seat.)

C. Did you sell Mr.-

S. I object.

C. Don't get excited. I'm going to get at the truth of this cheese business, and don't you forget it. (Glares.)

S. And don't you forget you don't ask any leading questions here in this here court. (Glares back.)

Jud. Tell what you know about the matter, Mr. Tap. Witness. Trap, your honor. Jud. Oh yes, Strap.

C. Not Strap, but Trap.

Jud. (Pettishly.) Why did'nt he say so then. Go on nd don't keep the court waiting sc long.

W. Mr. Dorkins came in one day, and bought twenty ounds of cheese. He said-

S. I object.

C. Aha! you don't want the truth to come out. But it shall all come out (excitedly.)

Jud. Go on.

W. He said-

S. I object to this

S. It's easy to see why you object,

Jud. Tell what was done-leave out what was said. W. Well, there is nothing to it if I leave out was said.

C. He may tell us that Dorkins ordered the chees nay he not?

Jud. Yes, tell that.

W. Well, he said the cheese was too lively.

S. I object-

C. Oh yes, you'll object to the verdict too. That is

all. (Mr. Trap rises to leave the chair.)
S. You may remain. I want to ask a few questions Do you know Mr. Dorkins?

W. Yes, sir.

S. You say you know Mr. Dorkins?

W. Yes, sir.

S. You swear you know him?

W. Yes, sir.

S. You mean that you are acquainted with him?

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W. Yes, sir, acquainted with him.

S. Oh, you don't know him ; you are merely acquain ed with him? Remember that you are on your oath sir. Now be careful. You don't mean to tell the court that you know all about Mr. Dorkins, everything that he ever did? W. No, I suppos

S. Never mind what you suppose. Please answer m

question. Do you, or do you not, know everything the Mr. Dorkins ever did? W. No. I-

S. That'll do, sir. No, you do not. Very good

ou are not acquainted with all his acts? W. Of course S. Stop there. Are you, or are you not?

W. No.

S. That is to say, you are not so well acquainted with him as you thought you were?

W. Possibly not.

S. Just so. Now we begin to understand each other. If you don't know anything about Mr. Dorkins' acts when you are not with him, you can't swear that yo know him, can you-W. If you put it that way

S. Come, sir, don't seek to evade my question. Il

put it to you again. When you say you know Mr. Dorkins, you don't mean to say you know everything h does, do you? W. Why, no, sir; of course not.
S. Just so; of course not. Then you were not quite

correct when you said you knew Mr. Dorkins. W. No. sir.

S. In point of fact then you don't know Mr. Dorkins W. No, sir.

S. Ah, I thought so. That'll do, sir. You can stand down. Now, gentlemen of the jury, you see how the case stands. Here is a worthy man accused of buying cheese and not paying for it. In the first place, Porkins cheese is notoriously bad; and in the second case, this cheese was particularly lively, and in the third place this witness says he doesn't know Mr. Dorkins at all What could be plainer.

C. Now, gentlemen of the jury, we have shown the Dorkins bought the cheese, twenty pounds of it, (excit edly.) What can be plainer? Shall men in this country buy cheese and not pay for it. Perish the thought (excited.) No, gentlemen; give him justice. He has sold his cheese; he has a large family; he needs the money. Dorkins gloats over his ill-gotten gains. Jutice is what we want (loud.) Justice we must have a any cost (louder.)

J. The court will consider the matter, but now it

adjourned for dinner. Sh. Oh yes, Oh yes, court is adjourned for dinn

GOLDEN THOUGHTS.

can be used by the live teacher after morning exer-cibuted among the class, or one may be written on pard each day.]

Our deeds determine us, as much as we dete mine our deeds.—George Eliot.

If a man empties his purselinto his head, no o can take it from him.—Franklin.

You cannot dream yourself into a character; y must hammer and forge yourself one.—FROUDE.

Things which never could have made a man hay py develop a power to make him strong. Strengt and not happiness, or rather only that happines which comes by strength, is the end of human liv ing. And with that test and standard the best of der and beauty reappear.—PHILLIPS BROOKS.

Pride is the consciousness of what one is without contempt for others.—Senac DE MEILHAN.

Character is human nature in its best form. moral order embodied in the individual. Men character are not only the conscience of society but in every well-governed state they are its be motive power; for it is moral qualities in the mai which rule the world, -SAMUEL SMILES.

PRIMARY SCHOOLS, KINDER WORLD ROUND GEOGRAPHIES They are r GRAPHIES STOOH JS TYNHOL STOOL ST TEACHERS' INSTITUTES, AND MAN

EDUCATIONAL NOTES

ELSEWHERE.

TEXAS.—The weekly visits of the SCHOOL JOURNAL to this office are hailed with delight. Every issue contains much valuable matter. We often wonder how any eacher performs his duties aright without the aid o such a paper. Texas has a grand educational "boom, our schools becoming more worthy every year. Our teachers are becoming interested, and are beginning to feel the great importance of their work. During the present summer there will be maintained, under the authority and support of the State, eighteen summer normal institutes; said schools will commence July 6, and end Aug. 16 next. From the interest manifested in es schools throughouf the State, it is believed that the attendance will be large, and that such an educational revival will be inaugurated as was never before witnes-ced in this county." The State Teachers' Association will convene in Tyler on the 27th inst. Our State Board and other friends of education are doing a noble work. Texas does not stand idle. Carlish & Smith,
Associate Editors of Texas Journal of Education.

SOUTH-WESTERN IOWA EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION. The fifth annual meeting of this association was held at Corning, Adams county, Io., July 5, and 7, 1882. The lectures were an important and interesting feature of the meeting. On the evening of July 5 Prof. Grumbling of Simpson College spoke upon "Personality in may be either a positive or negative force; positive con-

Akers spoke on the evening of July 6 upon the "Elevation of the Masses." The true test of the public schools is outside of the school-room. The public school teacher works for the whole people. Rather than develope a few, brilliant, prominent characters, the public school aims to develope a nation of workers, self supporting and lawabiding; this in a good degree the public schools are doing. Among the most interesting and instructive lic and private schools in the State of Virginia, and yet papers was, 1. The paper of Supt. J. A. Woods of Clait seldom happens that fifty teachers attend the meetrinda upon "How can we inspire in our pupils a love for good Literature?" A thorough discussion followed and the opinion seemed to be universal that very early in life the class of matter one will read is decided, and that systematic 'effort must be made to create a good taste, and that this taste must be constantly satisfied. Crowd out bad literature with something genuinely good and attractive. 2. Prof. W. B. Payne's paper upon Place of Material Science in the Public High School." Questions were asked as to the relative importance of Natural Science as a study-and when the study of science should begin. Various opinions were expressed. 3. Prof. R. A. Harkness' paper upon "The Proper Work of the Public School." Some sharp criticisms were offered, and an animated discussion followed. 4. Prof. Mathews' paper upon "How to teach Language." Methods both old and new were advocated. 5. Supt. Stayt's paper upon "Normal Institutes-character of work and results." The plans now adopted and largely used in Teacher and Pupil." The gist of thought was that man Iowa was criticized somewhat, and in the discussion some warm advocates of the present system presented victions finding expression in positive words and actions their arguments. Two days were profitably spent in Indian Education.—In the room at Carliale first vis-

are the characteristics of true manhood. State Supt. [counsel, discussion and forming acquaintances. C. H. G.

VIRGINIA.-R. M. Saunders, president of the Educational Association of Virginia, says : In all departments of business we see a striking exhibition of the practical power resulting from organized effort. It is however a sad fact that the strength gained by union of effort is to a great degree lacking in the profession of teaching. There are over four thousand white teachers in the pubit seldom happens that fifty teachers attend the meetings of the State Educational Association. Can teachers afford thus to isolate themselves, each working wearily in his own prescribed field, doing what is right in his own eyes, without sympathy and aid from others? The march of modern ideas is upon us, threatening the overthrow of long established theories, and demanding that our most cherished traditions shall yield to the advance of knowledge. If we are inactive amid the general movement the new order of things will go forward without us, and we will lament our apathy when it is too late to recover vantage ground we wilfully surrendered. Elsewhere teachers are alive to the great interests involved in the searching, shifting processes of modern thought, which are being applied to all old systems of education. They are forming county and State associaestly trying to prove all things and to hold fast to that which is good. [This man talks sound sense, but will the teachers listen? If they meet, will the talkers and paper-readers give them any light? that is the question.]

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ited were found some thirty boys, ranging in age from ten to sixteen, dressed in blue-cloth suits of semi-military pattern, who gave evidence of excellent discipline and careful training, both by their manner and acquirements. A number of them were called upon to take their places at the blackboard, and proved their ability to solve the ordinary problems of arithmetic with a correctness and rapidity which would have been creditable in a school of white boys of similar age in almost any rural district. Thirteen of the Indian tribes had representatives in this room, among others being the Sioux, Pawuee, Arapahoe, Poncs, Cheyenne. Ute, Fox, etc. In the next class-room visited were found an equal number of Indian girls of the same age, who showed like decorum and equal progress in their studies. The method of instruction adopted may be described as constructive, Ideas already in the mind of the child are used as a basis upon which to build new materials; and the mind, thus continually dealing with something known and tangible, enlarges its fund of information by a natural and comparatively easy process of accretion. The old system of "tasks" under which children were compelled to memorize words and phrases, of whose meaning they knew little or nothing, is not here in vogue. The happy children of this Indian school find their way into their reading books without stopping to wrestle with the alphabet as an abstraction. Letters and words are taught at the same time. The acquisition of words and the knowledge of their meanings are followed in their natural sequence by the building of sentences, and so the child is led easily to such an acquisition of knowledge as enables it to read and write with fluency. One little girl of nine years, a child of the Sioux tribe, who will serve as an example of the success attained by the methods pursued, was engaged, in common with some twenty five girls of from eight to fourteen years of age, in writing a description of a picture which lay before her. Her handwriting and orthography were remarkably good and the language of her description, while quaint and childlike, was well chosen and evidenced powers of imagination and expression and a degree of intelligence truly surprising. Other girls wrote their descriptions in a fair round hand upon the blackbourd, with equal suc-I have before me many examples of work done in the school-soom by children of various ages, in the shape

of written answers to questions presented upon the the furnishing of supplies for the Indian Bureau in the blackboard. All of them are upon foolscap sheets, neatly and some of them beautifully written and remarkably free from errors. The visitors next proceeded to the Industrial school-rooms, in which the pupils spend half of each day, first visiting the blacksmith and wagon shop. Here, with the exception of a single white overseer, the work of manufacturing spring wagons for the use of the Indian agencies in the Territories was being conducted entirely by Indian boys, who are able to construct a serviceable, well made spring wagon in all of its parts. In the next shop harnessmaking was in progress, a ber of boys being busily engaged in different parts of the work, not one of whom stopped to give more than assing glance at the company of lookers on. In the third were the tinners, who have acquired such facility, after comparatively brief instruction, as to be able to manufacture one and one half dozen well made tin buckets each per day. Near by was the shop devoted to tailoring, in which a number of boys were found busily engaged in plying the needle, and where all of the clothing for the boys of the school is manufactured. may be added that the girls, also, make nearly all of their own clothing and do the mending for themselves and the boys. The limited time at the disposal of the visitors prevented them from inspecting the bakery and the printing office, which are also successfully conducted almost solely under the management of Indian youths. The work accomplished in the Industrial schools at Carlisle may be snmmed up briefly as follows: Number of boys pursuing trades - carpenters, fourteen; tinners, eight; tailors, ten; shoemakers, fourteen; saddlers, twelve; coachmakers, three; blacksmiths, six; bakers, three; printers, two; farmers, twelve; total, eighty-four. In addition to these are ten other trade boys not at the time on duty, making a total number pursuing trades of ninety four. As the result of the industries pursued in the various shops, the training school is now furnishing wagons, double harness and tinware for the use of the agencies, the invoice of material furnished for the past year amounting already to over \$4,000. In addition to these supplies, there are now on hand at the agency over one hundred sets of double harness, several spring over one hundred sets of double harness, several spring wagons and 448 dozen of assorted tinware. Contracts have been made with the Department of the Interior for I prize it highly."

Dr. C. C. OLMSTRAD, Milwaukee, Wis., says: "I use several bottles in my family, annually, as 'lemonade.'

I prize it highly."

coming year to the amount of over \$3,000. The total amount appropriated by Government and otherwis provided last year was \$224,000—a sum altogether inad equate, when it is remembered that to the cost of sur porting schools must be added that of buildings and other incidental expenses of establishment. The slight addition of ten thousand dollars to the appropriation for the current year amounts to little in comparison with a need so large. The appropriation for the ensuing year with the probable addition of some \$80,000 from other funds, will make a total fund for Indian education of 535,000, a large advance, for which the friends of Indian civilization may well thank God and take courage.-H. K. WAITE in Independent.

FOREIGN.

GERMANY.-At Marrienwerder industrial training is to become a part of the course in the common schools In Hamburg the school aid society has arranged to have boxes placed in 120 coffee houses, restaurants, etc., in which money is to be collected for the "fresh air fund." About 8,000 marks (mark 28.8 cents) are required. The intention is to send five thousand children into the cour try during the summer vacation. "Vacation colonies these are called.

Various teachers' conferences are held from time to time in different sections of the empire. One held on the 10th of May at Konigsberg was very largely attended. Among the topics presented were "Chemistry in the public schools," and "The teaching of Geography in the common schools." In connection with the last men tioned subject a lesson in geography was given, the special topic being the Upper Rhine level. On May 81 another teachers' conference was held at Cammin, in Pomerania. Quite a discussion arose as to religiou teachings in the common schools. This was followed by a paper as to what extent a child's imaginative faculty should be taxed. The natural decision was that educa tion must tend to place only true and clear picture before the mind's eye of the child.

HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE.

LEMONADE.

LETTERS.

This is from Ohio: "The July INSTITUTE is like all that you publish-excellent; but it has a great deal of advertising in it, and that I do not like so well.

(We wonder if this subscriber counted the pages. Probably not. Well there are 32 pages in the July INSTITUTE, and 13 are devoted to reading matter. Usually it has 16 pages, and three or four for advertising. So that there is as much reading in that number as usual. If he gets the usual amount of reading, he ought not to complain. But what is the "usual amount" of reading? The 12 or 13 pages of the Institute contain in a year over 1,000 pages of the ordinary size, Take Page's "Theory and Practice" of 350 pages, costing you \$1.50. give you three times as much as is in that book, and charge you only \$1.00. Think of that. And the Institute for a year is worth ten times as much as any volume no matter what the price. It treats of all educational subjects. It is fresh, it is filled with practical matter. Prof. DeGraff says, "Every number is worth subscription price." Again, if we give the readers their share, why should B complain, if we can make some money by adding advertising pages? The popularity of the paper causes it to be in demand with advertisers; and lastly, there is a world of information in the advertisements; we learn a good deal from them .- PUB-

As you so kindly answer questions which perplex other teachers, I would like to ask a few regarding whispering in the school. Is it right to whip a child for whispering, when other means fail, such as keeping after school, etc. I have a great deal of trouble with it, owing to carelessness of past teachers, who have permitted it. I have tried talking kindly to the offenders, and they promise to do better; but they are so thoughtless, and in a shorttime forgot, and offend again. I give a short time between recitations for asking necessary questions, and think that is sufficient,

(You can probably stop whispering without resorting to whipping. It is not a question of right, it is one of expediency. I would urge you not to ment, price 75 cents, will aid you very much. I would appeal to the pupil's sense of order; it is not a well behaved school where the pupils talk; refer to church, and Sunday School and get them to refrain, because it shows bad manners, etc. This is the true ground. Use tact-piles of it.-Ep.)

Will you please send me sample copies and pre mium list for the SCHOLAR'S COMPANION. I am not a teacher, but a mother, interested in my children and their schools, and intend either to get up a club myself or put it into the hands of some one else who will be sure to do the work. Perhaps it may not be out of place for me to say how much I appreciate your Teachers' Institute. We take many periodicals, but from none do we get so much instruction as from that.

M. E. H., Manistee Co., Mich.

(We have done our level best to publish a pure, instructive and interesting paper for pupils of the schools. We felt sure the teachers would assist us, but a few do so, however; they let their pupils read the flashy papers that deal destruction as certain as Paris green, and won't put themselves to the trouble of pointing out the SCHOLAR'S COMPAN-ION. You as a mother will appreciate our work, and we cheerfully send samples. We only wish the teachers felt the same interest that you do in reading about education. Perhaps they will if we keep at work.—ED.)

I am in need of advice and naturally turn to you. Which are the best text-books on arithmetic, grammar, geography and penmanship, to be used as a guide by a primary teacher? Which is the best school pen? Will you please send a sample copy of the SCHOLAR'S COMPANION. I think it will be a good thing in my school. K. L. F.

(For an arithmetic to guide a primary teacher, I would recommend "Arithmetic for Young Children," published by Lee & Shepard, Boston, Mass., whip your pupils. In New York City the teachers do not whip and the order is excellent. Study up mar, but Mrs. Knox's "Language Lessons," pubthe matter thoroughly. Kellogg's School Manage-lished by Ginn & Heath, Boston, Mass., will be serviceable. As to pens write to Ivison, Blakeman, Taylor & Co., Gillott, 91 John, Esterbrook 26 John, all in this city for samples. As to a geography many are published. University Publishing Co., D. Appleton & Co.. Ivison, Blakeman, Taylor, & Co., A. S. Barnes & Co., all of New York.

> The SCHOOL JOURNAL is read with interest cach week, and some of the poems for the primary class have been memorized by the pupils. Loved Best?" was very appropriate, and I taught it to the assembled school. 240 children repeated it in concert, and the beautiful lesson conveyed was fairly understood, as the conscious looks of the little boys and girls testified.

> The SCHOOL JOURNAL is a very readable paper, not only for the subject matter, but because it is so beautifully printed. Type and ink are excellent. I wish it an extended circulation.

> I have taken the INSTITUTE nearly two years, and have derived many new ideas from it. I have circulated it to some extent, and all are much pleased with it. DD

> (This Nebraska teacher may be assured that no one complains of the INSTITUTE, except "hide bound" teachers, or those who are in the schools to GET and not to GIVE, and this class is pretty large and likely to be so. Let her continue her good work,-ED.)

> The trouble in the Flushing Schools has resulted in the resignation of Mrs. Baldwin, the principal of the primary school. It seems a pity, that after two years of great success in establishing an improved method of teaching, it should be allowed to fall to the ground, as it will assuredly, inasmuch as nearly

"How many children there are who are nearsighted !" is an exclamation frequently heard, and "What is the cause ?" is a question that has excited the attention of many of the most prominent physicians in this and other countries.

"Shortsightedness has increased to so great an extent among the youths at the great Government School in France, that a committee was appointed some time ago to inquire into the subject. In their report the committee point out that the cause of the prevalence of the infiirmty is to be found in the fact that the school books are printed in too small type, and that printing on white paper is still more hurtful.-N. Y. Sun.

A committee of physicians in Philadelphia a few years since also made a report of a similar character.

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all of the trained teachers will also leave. We would advise a regeneration of the school officers.

(Flushing will feel severely the loss of this skillful teacher; the reduction of salary was most unwise and unjust.—ED.)

I like the JOURNAL very much, better than any other; in some you are obliged to rake through an entire number without finding any thing that will help him; some are mere chaff and a great deal of that. Essays wont convert the world.

I wish to have a kind of Longfellow memorial meeting with my pupils. Please suggest something that will add to its interest, and oblige

A TEACHER.

(Recitations of some of his shorter poems; sing-ing of "The Bridge" or any words of his set to music; reading of an original criticism, and selected prose extract. Interest your pupils in the memorial association, and get as many as you can to give ten cents each and become an honorary member. Send the money to Mr. John Bartlett, Treasurer, Box 1,590, Boston, Mass., and memorial cards will be sent to you.)

Is there such a thing as a society to encourage home study? I have heard one spoken of but do M. W. B. not know where it is.

(There is a Boston Society for the "Encouragement of Home Study." Address Miss A. E. Ticknor, No. 9 Park Street, Boston, Mass., for circular.)

Please publish a good program for a school of four grades, and oblige me much. (South Haven, New York.)

(Here is a good one from "School Manage

Time.		Min.	Class.	Recitations.
From	to.	1	I	1
9.00	9.05	5		Opening Exercises
9.05	9.15	10	4	Reading.
9.15	9.30	15	3	Do.
9.30	9.50	20	2	Do.
9.50	10.10	20	1	Do.
10.10	10.25	15		Recess.
10.25	10.30	5	1	Singing.
10.30	10.45	15	4	Penmanship.
10.45	11.00	15	3	Arithmetic.
11.00	11.20	20	2	Do.
11.20	11.40	20	1	Do.
11.40	12.35	55		Intermission.
12.35	12.40	5		Singing.
12.40	1.00	20		Penmanship.
1.00	1.15	15	4	Arithmetic.
1.15	1.30	15	3	Geography.
1.39	1.50	20	2	Do.
1.50	2.10	20	1	Do.
2.10	2.25	15		Recess.
2.25	2.40	15	4	Oral Lessons.
2.40	2.55	15	3	Spelling.
2.55	3.15	20	2	Grammar.
3.15	3.35	20	1	Do.
3.35	3.50	15	1&2	Spelling.
3.50	4.00	10	ALL COLD	Miscellaneous.
4.00		5	100	Dismission.

FRESH MEAT FROM THE WEST .- Armour & Co. of Chicago kill about 500 cattle a day. The St. Louis Beef Canning Company packed 200,000 animals last year, and kill 700 in a day. Libby, McNeil & Libby of Chicago do an immense business, and these three firms are sending forward the bulk of the fresh meat that comes to New York. The supply is steady, and several firms in New York make a business of supplying retail customers with fresh meat killed in Chicago or St. Louis. It is claimed that the meat is much better than that of cattle starved and thirsty that are brought to this city alive. The growth of the trade has led to the building of great refrigerators for both storage and transportation, and the cold storage business in large cities is rapidly becoming immense. Mr. Styles is building a refrigerator that will cost \$100,000. Another firm have immense refrigerators where they keep the Western meat ready for daily delivery. Although the railroad freight for fresh meat carried in refrigerator cars is double that for live cattle, the actual freight of the consumable meat is less.

FOR THE SCHOLARS.

BLACKBERRIES.

By Mrs. A. ELMORE.

Near to the southern base of the Catskill Mountains is the snug little cottage and well tilled farm, known as the "Hill" homestead. Johnnie Hill, great, great, great, grandson, of the man who bought it first, of the government-is a bright earnest boy of eleven. A year ago, he expressed a wish to his father, for a suit of clothes of special pattern and color.

"I don't know about that Johnnie; 'pears to me its a big price, but if you'll earn five dollars of it in berryin'-I'm agreeable for the rest of the money.

"Thank you, father, you will need to be ready-I'll have my share," and by dint of perseverance, long tramps through the rough tangle of bushes, and many a tired walk through the streets of Saugerties crying-"Blackberries!" Master Johnnie held in his palm a bright gold piece, which his father had given him in exchange for his small change.

The earth was growing grey in the autumn, gentle hints of frost had turned every leaf on the rough rocky sides of the grand old mountains, from green, to varied Johnnie was very happy, for "next Monday," he was to go to the store in Saugerties and buy a handsome winter suit.

Sunday morning as all the family left the house for church, Johnnie said "I would like to take my five dollars with me to show to Aunt Rachel."

"No, no, Johnnie," answered his father. It is safer ere. You might lose it."

Johnnie looked rather vexed, but not so much as he did three hours later, when they came home, and found that a hired man had broken open a window and stolen the money. He had told Mrs. Hill that he was going to ee some friends-and all the time he had planned to take Johnnie's hard earned money.

Poor Johnnie was so disconsolate that Aunt Rachel promised him to make his loss good.

"Yes, but that wont be my very own berry money." sobbed Johnnie.

There was a queer little mark on the gold piece, which had no doubt been placed there by a foreigner, and Johnnie had spoken of it to several persons. Now comes the queerest part of the story.

When the money had been gone a week, Johnnie and his father went to Kingston, and a man meeting them said, "Oh here's the blackberry boy, eh."

"Yes sir. I'm Johnnie Hill.

"Would you know that gold piece again?"

"Indeed I would sir."

"Then come with me, Master Johnnie."

The gentleman and Mr. Hill turned into the jail, when, would you have thought it, he took from his desk Johnnie's gold piece. There was no mistake about. "Now come over this way," said the Sheriff—for it was no less important a person than he who had accosted the astonished boy. Through the grated doors, Johnnie and his father saw Fritz, the hired man. He had been arrested for stealing harness, and when he was searched, there was the gold piece stitched into the bel of his pantaloons. Johnny had the pleasure of pay ing his own money for his clothes, and was in the court room when Fritz was sentenced to prison for ten years.

—Scholar's Companion.

HOW I WENT TO THE COUNTRY.

BY DICK SAUNDERS ESQ.

I sell newspapers for a living lelegrams mostly, and heerd of an excursion into the country, and I says, 'I'll go into the country myself." It was to be on the "Minnie Cornell," an' Jake an' Sam an' Net an' me could hardly wait for the day after the Fourth of July to come, and you'd better believe we was down at the pier as soon as the "Minnie Cornell" was. Jake and Sam was one of the first on board, but Net is sort o' lame, you know; so she was late. Anyhow we got just as nice a place as they did. Nobody cared if it did rain, cause that soon stopped, and then there was only mist. Lots of fellows I knew was on board. A reporter said there was 465 children on board, and that the Tribune "Open Air Fund" had hired the "Minnie Cornell," and fixed up the whole business. You see, I know all the reporters and which papers they work on, 'cause I'm in the paper business myself.

Bymeby a girl come along that knows Net, and I went way to see the steamer. I shot right for the engine room, first thing. There was lots of others there; it was such fun to watch her work. Some of the girls was hold is a good school motto for be afraid at first, but the man was a good chap, and ex-adopt its -Scholar's Companion.

plained it all to us. I went around ; every little while I put an eye on Net. Then I thought I'd sit down by the girls, as I see the other fellows do, and talk to 'em; so I set down, and told 'em what I'd seen in the engineroom and about the country we was then goin' by. made it a point to cheer every boat we saw. Just above a place the Captain called "Yunkers," we saw a lot of sail boats full of brick, and we did make a big noise, I tell you, and the fellows in their oil-skin suits climbed up into the ropes and waved their hats to us and shouted back. That was one of the liveliest times we had. We brought our lunches with us in papers, and some of us was as hungry as bears when it came time to eat But we was so fasnated by lookin' that we jes sat there eatin' and lookin', eatin' and lookin'. Then we had fun with the papers. We throwed 'em all overboard, an' there they was, about 500 of 'em a-bobbin up an' down in the water. One of the boys says it looked as if a paper bag factory had "gone up" on the river and that was all there was left.

Net was never tired of watchin' a man there was on board make pictures. He was making sketches for Harper's Weekly. He was a pleasant man, and there was always a lot round 'em. You see, there was 'nt no body on board but us boys and girls, besides the men that took care of the "Minnie Cornell," and the Tribune folks, and they was just as good as could be. Then we sung hymns lots and lots of times.

Towards night it was lovely when we got to the Highlands. Did'nt we shout! You could'nt help it; it was so impressiv', and besides, the mist was'nt so thick They hussled every one off of the forward decks at one time, and then out of the cabin. That was to make the beds, and pretty soon we was all packed away on mattresses to go to sleep. We made considerable noise for a while, but bymeby, I guess, we all dropped asleep; I know I did, It was the most comfortable bed that Dick Saunders ever laid on, I know. The next thing I heerd was lots o' talkin', and I found it was light an' we was in another part of the river. My! was'nt it pretty! The sun was out, an' it did look jus' too lovely for anything. At six o'clock we got off in Troy. We all got together, Jake an' Sam, an' Net an' The fellers with the Tribune banners was fust, an then the rest ov us formed in line. We marched up to Harmony Hall, and had a jolly breakfast, with lots of milk. I never had so many good drinks of milk in all my life. I looked around to find Net, who was with the girls, and if you'll believe it, she fairly had red cheeks! At half-past eight we got on the steam cars. We had lots of fun seein' the things whizz by so fast, I scud away from where I was a-sitting, down to where Net was, an' she says to me: "Oh Dick, I did'nt know things was so lovely. Ain't you glad you come?" Justhen we come to the fust tunnel. I was'nt afraid, 'caust I'd gone through the tunnel in New York; but some of 'em was realed scared, until they began to see the light; then it was all fun, an' every one would shout when a tunnel came.

At Fort Ticonderoga the train stopped, and they began to cut us up. Jack an' Sam came up, and us four stuck together like burrs. The first party went to Essex the next time about 160 was sent to Westport; som staid there, and some were took in carriages to Elizabeth town; but we and about twenty-five more went to Lewis. Its all grand and fine and beautiful up here, and I don't wonder Vanderbilt and Jay Gould go into the country. - Scholar's Companion.

GOOD ADVICE CORNER.

TAKE HOLD.

To carry a piece of work through people must take hold. To make the world better those living in it mus take hold and assist; to save a burning house from destruction the firemen must take held. To rescue drowning child some one must take hold and help. make a prosperous business, the proprietor and his workers must take hold. To become an intelligent man the boy must take hold and study.

In September the scholars gather in the school-rooms are they going to take hold heartily and earnestly, or let things get along as best they can? Take hold and help your teacher to have a good school; to have well learned sons; to have a neatly kept room; to have the hum

industry heard.

Take hold and help your schoolmate to be punctual in the morning; to keep from whispering; to learn his lessons; to look up to you as doing all these things. Take hold is a good school motto for boys and girls. Who wil

Supplementary Reading.

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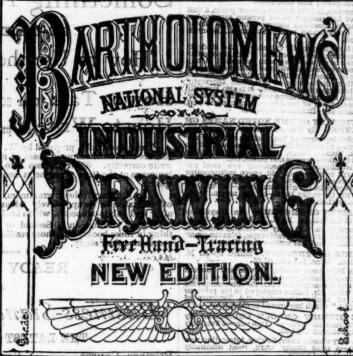
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WHO WERE THE LAKE POETS.-IV.

Samuel Taylor Coleridge in many respects was rich in imagination, but he was unsteady. This was perhaps partly due to the use of opinm, a habit that held him in bondage for many years. He was but two years older than Southey, and two younger than Wordsworth, and living, as he did, for many years near them Loth, it is no great wonder that they were regarded as a "brother

Coleridge was born in Devonshire on the 20th of October, 1772. His father was a clergyman. A stranger accidently meeting him, one day, in the streets of London, was greatly struck with the boy's conversation, and gave him the free use of a circulating library, and Coleridge read every book right through. An older writer says of him: "At fourteen he had, like Gibbon, a stock of erudition that might have puzzled a doctor, and a degree of ignorance of which a school boy might have been ashamed." He received the larger part of his education at Christ's Hospital, where Charles Lamb was his school fellow.

Samuel was not ambitious, and as his father was dead, he had an idea of apprenticing himself to a shoe maker who lived near the school. Through the influence of the head-master, Mr. Bowyer, this was not done, but instead the lad was made "deputy-Grecian," or head scholar, and was sent to Jesus College, Cambridge, He remained there for several years, in the time gaining one prize and lesing two. Coloridge had rather a morbid nature, and a debt of about \$500, which he could not pay, so troubled him that he left college for London. There the poor youth was soon so forlorn and destitute that he enlisted in the army and went to France

The scholar and poet did not make a very brilliant soldier, but he was no coward. Coleridge passed into the service under an assumed name, but after four months he became known, and his discharge was obtained.

Returning to Oxford in June of the same year, he met Southey, who became an intimate friend. Although Coleridge kept writing and publishing off and cn, it was with little success, owing to the sad want of regularity

and diligence in everything he undertook. Later he went to live at Nether Stowey, Here it was that the poet wrote his most beautiful works, and seems to have been both happy and eager in his studies. Two or three years were passed in this place, while the young man wrote, studied, and "established his name forever." At that time he also acted as Unitarian preacter at Tauton, and later at Shrewsbury. Hazlitt walked ten niles to hear him one winter day, and afterward said; I could not have been more delighted if I had heard the music of the spheres." Wordsworth thus describes his appearance at that time :

"A noticeable man with large grey eyes
And a pair face that seemed undoubtedly
Asif a blooming face it ought, to be;
Heavy his low-hung hip did oft appear
Depressed by weight of musing Phantasy;
Profound his head but not severe.

In 1800, on returning to England from a fourteen months' stay in Germany, he made his home with Southey, and here his opinions changed entirely, and he became an earnest believer in the Trinity. He passed the last nineteen years of his life in the northern suburbs of London, at the house of his friend, Mr. James Gilliman, a surgeon. Coleridge received much honor then, which lasted to the end of his life, enjoying hosts of friends and devoted people. He died on the 25th of July, 1884-the first of the three poet friends of the "north country" to quit company for better lands. Many of his works are so rare and beautiful that they will live forever, still one could not find a model in Cole ridge. His work fell short of his own ideal for want of the completeness and polish which industry only could have given it. - Scholar's Companion.

HOW TO SPEAK PLECES.

By UNCLE JACK.

There are only a few things to remember in order to recite nicely, and one is to remember your piece. Learn it carefully and thoroughly; if there are words in it that you do not understand, look them up in the dictionary. If there are phrases or expressions that are new to you, ask your teacher what they mean. For if you do not understand them, you cannot make others

do so? See that you pronounce the words correctly, and to do this, read it over to some other person

Now, if you have your "piece" picked out, read over to find out the pronunciation, thought over to find the meaning, and committed to memory, the next thing i to speak it. Take your place without any hurry, ar try to feel at your ease—even if you don't. Draw you her is together, and let your arms hang carelessly at you side, ready for an appropriate gesture. Do not attempt too many gestures, and do not make them forced, as a you were going through gymnastics.

Speak in a clear, even voice, except where the words demand increased tone. Dwell a little longer on in-portant words, and enter into the feeling of what you are reciting. It is somewhat hard to stand before one school and speak, but it has been done, and it can be done again. "Practise makes perfect." I have a fer directions to add for those who do not care how the recite; it may aid them in their efforts:

Don't spend much time on learning your place; will come to you at the right time. Some speakers this very successfully-with poor results.

Hurry to the platform, and get it over as so Stand with your feet apart and hands claspe stiffly behind you. Look at one person all the time; will make him feel uncomfortable, if he does not feet an honor. Speak your words just loud enough to those in front to hear. Speak fast and indistinct what you can remember, and then hurry off as if some had shot at you.—Scholar's Companion.

GARIBALDI died with the window of his apar ment wide open and while the sun was setting Before his last agony a bird alighted on the window sill, where it remained twittering. Garibaldi sa it and said: Quanto e allegro! ("How joyful is!") Garibaldi's bravery is attested by the fac that the scars of no less than ten gunshot and bayd net wounds were found on his body.

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"The encyclopædia was suggested by the Real-Encyklopadie fur protestantische Theologie und Kirche, edited by Drs. J. J. Herzog, G. L. Plitt, and A. Hauck (Leipzig, 1877, sq.). This work, with which I have been familiar from its start, as one of the contributors, is universally acknowledged to be an invaluable thesaurus of solid information in all departments of biblical and ecclesiastical learning, under the respon ible names of a large number of eminent German and other European scholars. The first edition, edited by Dr. Herzog alone, was begun in 1854, and completed in 1868, in twenty-two volumes. The second edition, thoroughly revised and partly rewritten, is now in course of publication, and will be completed in not less than fifteen volumes. A mere translation of this opus magnum would not answer the wants of the English and American reader. While many articles are very long, and of comparatively little interest outside of Germany, the department of English and 'American church history and biography is naturally, too limited. Dr. Herzog has kindly given me full liberty to make such use of the work in English as I may deem best.

"This encyclopædia, therefore, is not a translation, but a condensed reproduction and adaptation of all the important German articles, with necessary additions, especially in the literature, and with a large number of new articles by the editors and special contributors—more than one-third of the work is original."

Only those articles by European writers which are adapted equally well to American and European readers are retained. All others have been rewritten, or prepared de novo, for this work. To a far greater degree than any other American Encyclopædia this work has the full advantage of the ripest of European Scholarship. No other work of the kind attains nearly so high an average of thoroughness and learning.

Dr. Schaff's name is a guaranty throughout the civilized world that the work will be most thoroughly done, even to the smaller details. He sees every line before it is printed, and he himself prepares much of the copy. Thousands of dollars are being contributed to the editorial work alone of the American edition. No labor or expense is spared to make this the standard work in the English language.

Each article is signed, and is thus attested by the soundness of judgment and the reputation for learning of its author. In this it possesses a very great advantage over any other Encyclopædia of its kind. A single line by one author will often carry more weight than a whole page by another author. Non numero sed pondere. An Encyclopædia is not to be judged by the number of its volumes but by the quality of its matter. A pound of gold is of far more value than a shipload of gravel. The names of hundreds of the best known scholars of both America and Europe will be found attached to the articles in this Encyclopædia.

MESERVEY'S BOOK-KEEPING BY SINGLE AND DOUBLE ENTRY. A. B. Meservey, Ph.D. Boston: Thompson, Brown & Co.

The authors rightly say that one of the great causes of want of success in teaching book-keeping has been the want of a proper text-book. This is a small attractive volume of about 100 pages. The learner is introduced to the subject by questions and answers; this seems to direct his ideas definite paration.

ly. The questions are minute and searching, and yet brief. Then commences a simple form of cash account. The items are given and the learner is to put them in a proper form. This is properly shaped and followed by questions. More examples are given, and thus the work goes on. The plan is simple, natural, progressive, and well-conceived. We are glad to learn the book is becoming popular and is selling largely. It cannot but serve an excellent purpose when introduced in the schools.

A LATIN READER, with Notes and a Lexicon. By George Stuart, A.M., Prof. or Latin, Central High School. Philadelphia: Eldredge & Bro. Price, \$1.

This volume is one of the "Chase & Stuart Classical Series." It is composed of fables, anec dotes, legends, biographical sketches. There are notes following the text and a lexicon; the former are full and explain difficult parts of the text; the latter defines the words used. The work cannot but be a very useful one. It is put together by a teacher of eminence, and his skillful hand marks every page.

CONSTITUTIONAL HISTORY AND POLITICAL DEVELOPMENTS OF THE UNITED STATES. By Simon Sterne. New York: Cassell, Petter, Galpin & Co.

The remarkable progress which has been made by the United States of America, in the extension of territory, increase of population, and accumulation of wealth, has drawn a degree of attention to its history and government during recent years far beyond that which it excited at any previous time. The object of this work is to give a general knowledge of American institutions, their rise and progress.

Among its contents will be found chapters on The History of the Articles of Confederation, as well as on The Constitution of the United States—The Legislative Department—The Executive Power—The Judicial Power—Current Questions productive of Changes in the Constitution, etc., etc.

Chapter V. (The Post-Constitution History of the United States) gives an interesting and concise history of the political division of parties, from the administration of Washington to the present time, which cannot but prove of interest to the rising generation.

MAGAZINES.

In the North American Review for August, the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher writes of "Progress in Religious Thought," pointing out the many influences, social, educational and scientific, which are by degrees transforming the whole structure of dogmatic belief and teaching. T. V. Powderly, the official head of the Knights of Labor, the strongest union of workingmen in the United States, contributes a temperate article on "The Organization of Labor," "Woman's Work and Woman's Wages," by Charles W. Elliott, is a forcible statement of one of the most urgent problems of our time. The author sees no advantage to be derived from the employment of woman in man's work, whether of brain or of hand: such employment, he insists, only reduces man's wages, and does not really add to the total resources of the whole class of workers.

The Sanitarian for July, contains papers on "The City Needs a Change of Air," by Prof. Richard McSherry, M. D. "Protection Against Disease," by J. J. Speed, M. D. "Protective Power of Vaccination," by E. M. Snow, M. D. "Evidences of Insanity Discoverable in the Brains of Criminals and Others whose Mental State has been Questioned, with some remarks on Expert Testimony and the Grappotte Case," by Edward C. Spitzka, M. D., Pres. New York Neurological Society, etc. "Lead Pipe Dangers to Potable Water," by E. R. Maxson, M. D., L.L. D., of Syracuse, N. Y.

Our Continent has changed its form, and is much more convenient to handle. The editor, Judge Tourgee, has begun a new story called "Hot Ploughshares."

NOTES.

Appleton's Popular Science Monthly for July contains many articles of interest.

A new edition of "Seaside Studies," by Professor Alexander Agassiz and Mrs. Agassiz, is in preparation. The Harpers have published in book form Carlyle's "Reminiscences of My Irish Journey," which first appeared in the *Century* magazine.

D. Appleton & Co., of this city, are about to publish, in twelve monthly volumes, a fine edition of Shakespeare, printed on linen paper and bound in vellum.

James R. Osgood & Co. have added to their Round Robin Series a story called "The Desmond Hundred," which is considerably above the average of current novels.

"Timon of Athens" and "Two Gentlemen of Verona" have been added to Rolfe's excellent critical and annotated edition of Shakespeare, which Harper & Brothers are publishing.

"Demosthenes" is the latest addition to the series of classical writers brought out by D. Appleton & Co. It is from the pen of S. H. Butcher, M. A., Fellow of University College, Oxford.

Roberts Bros. of Boston, who have given us so many works of the highest literary quality, announce a re-publication of the "Dial," in four octavo volumes, at the subscription price of \$15.

Mr. De Cesnola has edited, Mr. George Gibson illustrated and D. Appleton & Co. have published a handsome octavo pamphlet illustrating the treasures collected in the Metropolitan Museum of Art in this city.

Cancans, a Franco-American weekly review, is to be issued soon. Its specialty will be pen portraits of celebrities of France here in America. It will be published at Blanck's French Library, No. 18 South Fifth avenue.

Fords, Howard & Hulbert have published a new edition of Helen Campbell's, "The Easiest Way in Housekeeping and Cooking," one of the most practical, sensible and useful books of the kind which has ever been given to the public.

Dodd, Mead & Co. have published a cheap edition of E. P. Roe's "Barriers Burned Away." This book has had the wonderful sale of 36,000 copies, and the 100,000 copies of the new edition will undoubtedly be wholly absorbed by the reading public.

Houghton, Mifflin & Co. have completed their handsome new edition of Bret Harte's works by the publication of the Condensed Novels. The five volumes make a very attractive appearance and contain some of the most original writing in our literature.

Outing is a new monthly devoted to recreation. The July number contains papers on "Lake George from a Row-Boat," illustrated, hints on pressing ferns, and for making an Adirondack trip, for taking a holiday, and other summer topics. There are notes on out-door sports and summer resorts.

"The Trial of Guiteau, the Assassin," is the title of a book edited by Mr. George R. Herbert, a journalist, giving the story of the crime and a very full report of the trial in Washington. It also contains a number of wood cuts of persons and scenes connected with the tragedy and the trial. William Flint, No. 623 Sansom street, Philadelphia, is the publisher.

City and Country. The July number contains four illustrations: "A California Threshing Outfit," "Falls of the Yosemite," "Ornamental Flower Basket" and "Scene on Rondout Creek, State of New York." A serial "Honor's Debt," is begun, written by Abbie C. M'Keever. Among other matter, it gives an article on "Strikes and Trade Unions" and an eulogy of Garibaldi.

The prominent English publishing house of Frederick Warne & Co. have opened an office at 20 Lafayette Place, in this city, for the convenience of their large American trade, and will keep in stock a full line of their numerous and standard publications. This house are the English agents of the Century Company, and have an enviable reputation in business and literary circles

Cassell, Petter, Galpin Co. have in press for immediate publication a new and cheap edition of "Wood Magic," a fable, by Richard Jeffries, author of "Gamekeeper at Home," "Wild Life in a

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Harper's Weekly prints an epigram by Emerson, which has just been made public in London. It was written in the album of a well-known firm of photographers to whom he sat for a photograph during his last English visit. When he asked to write something, he without hesitation penned these words:

"The man who has a thousand friends Has not a friend to spare; But he who has one enemy Will meet him everywhere."

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MISCELLANEOUS NOTES.

WE have advertised for H. C. Dean, of Chicago, but we think our subscribers had better not send him any orders.

Mr. C. W. Brown, manager of the educational department of D. Appleton & C., has come back to the city to resume his duties.

GEN. A. C. BARNES, of A. S. Barnes & Co., has returned from his summer trip, and does not seem to be the worse for the vacation.

SHELDON'S Modern School Readers and Patter sons Grammar were adopted in Jersey City, Tuesday August 9. The former were also adopted in Paterson and Hoboken.

THE many friends of Mr. Keeler, business manager

Mr. E. L. Kellogg has just returned from a any inclination by a lever underneath. It can also three weeks vacation spent at Lake Piseco, in the Adirondacks. The time was most enjoyably spent in boating, trout fishing and "camping out."

THE artistic painting and decoration lately done by J. & L. Lamb on their establishment will at-tract attention; they make good the reputation they have won of being at the head of the business of school and church decoration.

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A drawing table, as illustrated below, has many useful features. As drawing and painting are pursued by many lady artists and amateurs, any device that will allow the table to be folded in a small compass will be welcomed. This table can be made to assume a horizontal or vertical or oblique position

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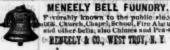
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CORSETS.

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Continued on page 78.

AN IMPORTANT FOOD PRODUCT.

(From the New York Scientific Times, March 11, 18-2) Murdock's Liquid Food.—For Infants, Invalid, Conva'escents, etc.

Murdock's Liquid Food.—For Infants, Invalid, Conva'escents, etc.

The great length to which the adulteration of our feeds products have been carried of late, and the want of any adequate laws to resuate offenders and to punish ansertpolous dealers, have led humanitarians and scientists to discuss the possibl'ty of reducing food to its original elements, and eliminating therefrom all hurtful ingredients. The experiency of physicians and of persons in charge of the sick in hospitals and chewhere demonstacted that recovery is often delayed and sometimes entirely prevented by the vant of neorisishing substances with which the valencing patient could be fed. Katare is often too weak to manage and as-intiliate were the most wholescene acticles, which, with the body in vigorous coedition, would be adequate for its support. Especially is this the case with infants, who are thus made to suffer for the want of knowledge of those in whose charge they mag chease to be. Among the most successful attempt to involve and artifical food is the article known as "Murdock's Liquid Food," prepared by the compary of that name in Boston. It is resowned as a unsker of pare blood, which it supplies in in such controlling quantities as to expel the weak and impure blood engendered by disease from the system and to all its place with a life-giving, health-restoring fluid. It is beyond our limits to recite the cases treated with and carred by this wenderful agent. Those carlons or interested in the matter should lose so time in applying to any drugges or the company for an essay read before the American Medical Association, at Richmond, Va., representing the inselical societies of the United States. The enclosure contains other testimonials from physicians, and both sammers cases in which the following diseases have been not enly prevented, but cured? Chromption, ecroitsin, nervous and general debility, dyaposis, actic and constitution, dipheria intemperance, infantite choters, and diarrhos, malarial and other fevers, excens, servile, gra

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13 Baby Mine.
13 See That My Grave's Kept
13 Grandfather's Clock. (Grave's Kept
13 Grandfather's Clock. (See Head See Head See That My Grave's Kept
13 Grandfather's Clock. (See Head See Head S

216 They all Do It.
210 Waittill the Moonlight Palls on
210 Linger Not, Darling. (the water
210 Linger Not, Darling. (the water
211 Linger Not, Darling. (the water
212 Dave Letters.
222 Dave Letters.
223 Dave Letters.
224 Lemontation of Johnny Reel.
225 Live Tramp.
225 Easle see, Silver Moon.
226 Give an Honest Irish Led a
226 Ball see, Silver Moon.
226 Give an Honest Irish Led a
227 Ball see to Govern Johnson.
227 Ball see to Govern Johnson.
228 Ball see to Govern Johnson.
229 Ball see to Govern Johnson.
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222 Ball see to Govern Johnson.
223 Ball see to Govern Johnson.
224 Bonn Robert See to Govern Johnson.
225 Ball see to Govern Johnson.
226 Ball see to Govern Johnson.
226 Waits with Me.
227 Moot me by Moonlight Alone.
228 Lather and Shave.
229 Ball see to Govern Johnson.
229 Waits With See to Govern Johnson.
220 Waits Whole Johnson.
220 Waits Honeid Makes Thee Gad,
221 Shall Never be Heapy Again.
222 Waits Honeid Makes,
223 Waits Dave Gatter of Waits Court Honeid,
224 Waits Waits Dave Gatter of Waits Court Honeid,
225 Breand Governan Moon.
226 Waits Honeid Makes,
227 Waits Cavannan Moon.
227 Waits Cavannan Moon.
228 Waits Proceed Waits Waits Governan Moon.
229 Day Waits Court Honeid,
221 Breand Governan Moon.
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225 Breand Governan Moon.
226 Waits Waits Court Honeid Moon.
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228 Waits Waits Court Honeid Moon.
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Salle Horner.

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Willie Relliy.
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Pull Down the Bilnd.
De They Thing of me at Home.
Tell mowner my Kru's Gone.
Barbara Alian.
Barbara Alian.
Strike.
Barbara Alian.
Strike.
Bonnie Sweet Bessie, the Haid
Bathing Song.
Go Dundee.
One White River to Cross.
Hoon is out to-night Leve.
Devils in New Jersey.
Berlis in New Jersey.
Fretty Hittle Dise syed Stranger.
Faced Flowers.
Derk Eyed Sallor.
Rose of Killarney.
Cot in the Gornes.
Rose of Killarney.
Rose of Killarney.
Rose of Killarney.
Barbara Sallor.
Bennis Glandy.
Wast are the wild waves Bay's
Hee Front, Home in Hannar.
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Bennis of Clandy.
Wast are the wild waves Bay's
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Bonnis Glandy.
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Jack Lott Wifty Comis.
J. Lad bott Wifty Comis.
J. Lad bott Wifty Guns.
J. Lad bott Wifty Guns.
J. Little Charry Blossom.
Jeth Molly & Whise!
Whist!
Whist!

481. I had but Fifty Cents.
482. I had but Fifty Cents.
483. I'm isaving now the Old Folks.
484. I wis Molly G!
485. Ring My Methew Wers.
487. Little Charry Riceson.
487. Little Charry Riceson.
489. Whist! Whist! Whit!
489. While Ray.
480. Ring oarling now good Bys.
481. Raging oarling now good Bys.
481. Rice it, Rellip.
482. Walt for the turn of the Tide.
483. Walt for the turn of the Tide.
484. Gld. Fred. Tell Them To Stop
485. Gld. Fred. Tell Them To Stop
485. Markin to Green. 435 Mantle so Green.
435 Toció Tom,s Lament.
437 Mary Ann, I'll tell your Ma.
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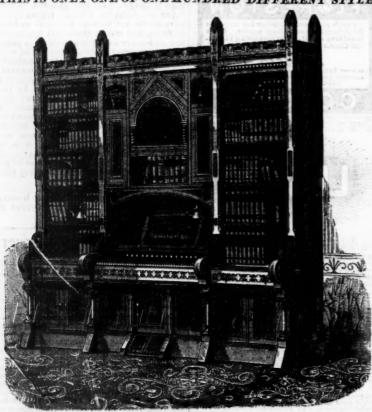
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GOOD ADVICE -If thou to health and vigor wouldst attain,

Shun weighty cares, all anger deem profane.

From heavy suppers and much wine ab-

Nor trivial count it after pompous fare To rise from table and to take the air. Shun idle noonday slumbers, nor delay

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Prepares pupils of both sexes for the best Colleges and Scientific Schools or Business. Pupils have a well established reputation for high scholarship and manly conduct in Yale College. Location unsurpassed for health. Special care out of school in good homes and boarding-house.

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VEW ENGLAND CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC & SCHOOL OF ENGLISH BRANCHES, LANGUAGES, ARTS. ELOCUTION & PHYSICAL CULTURE

SPLENDIDLY FURNISHED. IN THE HEART OF BOSTON. RARE ADVANTAGES.LOW RATES. SENDFOR CIRCULAR E.TOURJÉE.

DAINE'S BUSINESS COLLEGE. Bowery, co Canal; "L" beation (Estab 1889). Paine's uplown College, 1938 Broadway, 5th St., open 9 A.M., till 10 P.M. Young Men, Ladies, and Boys taught Booksceping rudimental and higher Mathematics, Correspondence and all English Branches; Writing leasons 83, monthly Arithmetic and Writing 1810, quarterly, Shorthand \$10, backward pursues rapidly advanced in private emro 8

VACATION has come again, and all teachers out of employment should send 10 cent for sample copies, and terms for the SCHOLAN'S COMPANION and premulm list etc., and make a thorough convass of their towns. From 50 to 100 subscribers can be taken with very little labor, and at our liberal terms, you cannot help but make money. Address. E. L. EELLOGG & CO., 21 Park Pince, New York.

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Read every word of this Circular. You can make from \$100 to \$300 per month easily and hones

OUR MAMMOTH PUBLICATION

Leads the World for Size, Beauty, and Literary Merit.

ONLY ONE DOLLAR A YEAR,

OLEOGRAPHS OF MAMMOTH SIZE AND FOUR AND ENGRAVINGS.

Nothing like these pictures have ever been given as premiums to any publication in the World. OVER \$100 WORTH I ONLY \$1. A Fifteen Dollar Oleograph of GEN. JAMES A. GARFIELD. This picture is not a cheap Chromo, but has sold for fifteen dollars a copy in New York City. A Ten Dollar Oleograph, entitled "PUSS IN BOOTS." This is the picture that has created such a furor in the city during the past three months, and that has met with such an immense sale at ten dollars per copy. FOUR STEEL ENGRAVINGS, a description of which will be found further on, and which have sold

at twenty dollars per copy.

ACENTS ARE HAVING THE MOST REMARKABLE SUCCESS EVER KNOW

Read all of this circular, then if you decide you cannot engage in the business, please hand it to some friend who would like to make money fast and easily.

TO THE PERSON ADDRESSED.

We are going to make you the greatest offer in this troular that we have ever made, and we would kind-ask you to read these a page entirely through, then you decide that you cannot engage with us, we rould be very glad if you would kindly hand this to make friend or neighbor who would like to make

coney.

We are new effering to the public something never
efore offered in this country; and we know that
gents are destined to make more money than they
wer thought it possible to make.

OUR MAMMOTH PUBLICATION

with the premiums we give this year surpasses any thing over before offered. We have spent thousand of dollars in getting out these premiums, and do no hesitate to say that they are the finest ever produced. We know very well that several cheap daubs of chromos have been sold and given away throughout the country as a likeness of our late President,

JAMES A. GARFIELD.

picture we now offer is just out. It is made by entirely new process, and it has never been sold less than fifteen dollars. We will give a descrip-further on.

RIDEOUT'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE

is one of the most artistic and attractive now published. It is repiete with beautiful illustrations and choice literature. No expense is spared to make this publication one of the finest in the world. It is ably edited, and contains an Illustrated Fashion Department, fashion letters and notes. It contains stories, poems, sketches, statistics, useful information, household notes, the kitchen, garden, toilet, children's department, Sabbath reading, etc., etc., in fact everything tha tean be is done to make the magazine worth more than the subscription price without regard to the premium.

OUR BEAUTIFUL PREMIUMS

are the finest ever given out, and are sure to take at every house you visit. Not one person in a thousand will allow you to go out without subscribing.

NO CHROMOS GIVEN.

UR PREMIUMS ARE ENTIRELY NEW. NOTHING LIKE THEM EVER SEEN.

We have taken an entirely new ceparture, and now offer premiums never before offered by any publisher. You will find that

RIDEOUT'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE

and the new premiums take better than anything

you ever canvassed for, and we will guarantee you can make more money than at anything else.

EXTRAORDINARY SUCCESS.

Our agents are having the most remarkable succever known. One agent who sent for our outfit to ninety-one subscribers out of one hundred hou which he called at. Another agent took

ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY-THREE SUBSCRIBERS IN A SINGLE DAY.

We do not say that all can do as well as this, but any one can make first-class pay, and the work is easy and honorable.

OUR OLD AGENTS WANTED.

We want all of our old agents to send and get an outfit at once and commence work, and we know you
can do an immemse business.

We also want every one who receives this circular
to read it carefully, and then send for an outfit and
try the business, you can then see how easy it is to
make money; but before proceeding further we will
give you a slight description of what we give the
people for one dollar.

Premium No. 1 is a beautiful eleograph, size 20x28, of our late President.

JAMES A. GARFIELD.

This artistic picture is 20x20 inches in size, and is so beautifully executed that it is difficult to tell it from a real oil painting. It is made by a new process of which we are the inventors, and the work is much superior to an oil chromo. This oleograph is made from the photograph which Mrs. Garfield sent to Queen Victoria, and is pronounced by her to be the best likeness ever made of Gen. Garfield.

A good picture of Gen. Garfield is wanted, and when people can get a fifteen dollar picture for one they will be sure to grasp the opportunity.

All sections of the country, north, south, east, and west, of every race and politics, will want this picture, be they Republican or Democrat, white or black. Genius, honesty, patriotism, and shiftly are recognized throughout this entire land, and Gen. Garfield's name will go down to future generations with that of Washington and Lincoln.

For more than six months have we been at work upon this picture, and it gives us pleasure to be able to place in the hands of a generous American people a picture so excellent, so lifelike, and so valuable as, to be worthy of a beatiful frame, and which will be handed down to future generations as a memento of the year 1851.

Premium No. 2 is a beautiful oleograph, size

PUSS IN BOOTS

is one of the most popular pictures ever intro-into the United States. It was first imported aris, and there has never been sold to our edge a single copy for less than ten dellars.

the other. We have spent a great deal of time and money in getting out this subject, but we feel well repaid for our trouble.

"Puss in Boots" is represented by a beautiful kitten which has crawled into one of a pair of old brogan boots, and as she sits there with head and forepaws just emerging from the top, you would almost think it a live pussy.

The expression, color, position, and everything connected with the picture have been brought out in the most perfect style.

No description can do this picture justice, but if you do not say that it is one of the most beautiful subjects you ever saw we will make you a present of ten dollars. We are sure it will more than please every subscriber, and every one that subscribes can feel assured that the picture has a market value of ten dollars.

Premium No. 3 is a beautiful steel engraving, iso 1729, entitled

SEE-SAW.

This engraving is one of the most pleasing we ever saw. It is a real country scene laid in Germany, and one that we have all seen in our younger days.

We will give a short description.

A party of young people have gathered beneath the branches of some huge trees, and have placed a plank across a fallen log, and are having a game of "See-Saw." Do you know what that is? Probably all of you have played it, but perhaps under another name. Two of the boys have got on the plank, one on each end, and the older or heavier boy, whose end is down, is holding the smaller high in the air on the other end of the plank. The little fellow seems to be in great fear, much to the anusement of the other children. In the distance is shown the old farmhouse, surrounded by trees and shrubbery. This picture will at once interest and amuse people, and when framed it is worth \$8.50 in any house.

Premium No. 4 is a beautiful engraving, size 17x24, entitled

RESIGNATION.

This picture is by one of our most celebrated artists, and the original oil painting sold for a large sum.

The engraving has been very much admired by all who have seen it, and we certainly think it one of the most beautiful we have ever seen.

In the foreground stands a female figure nearly the full size of the engraving.

In the distance is seen the mountains, at the foot of which rest a beautiful lake, while stell nearer the foreground among the trees and shrubbery a wreath-covered cross stands at the head of a grave. The woman has been to place a wreath upon the grave of her departed, and as she now stands facing us with upilited face her beautiful eyes seem to say "Thy will be done." It is certainly one of the finest figures and most beautiful faces we ever saw. The artist has done his work well, and the picture tells its own story. It has been much admired by all who have seen it—and we are sure it will please all.

Premium No. 5 is a charming engraving, size

CAN'T YOU WALK!

This engraving was produced from the English, and has been a popular subject in first introduction into this city. Only a fet have been sold and those brought \$30 per cop This engraving represents a beautiful youn about eight years, trying to learn her young to walk. She has stooped down and taken the fore paws and is making him walk upon legs. The mother lies in the doorway as watching the pair, while the little puppy seen in great fear.

The grouping of this picture and the fine work make it very interesting and attractive. It certainly is worth the price of a subscripthe Magazine.

Premium No. 6 is a fine engraving, entitled

BABY'S BETTER.

RII

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HO

Evidently Baby has been sick and is now ting better. The scene is laid in a beautiful among the flowers. Baby is sitting on "tete-a-tete," and her mother is kneeling be and has clasped her in a loving embrace, pression on her face is one of great joy to the carling baby is better.

Beautiful flowers hang from branches or and the ground beneath is strewn with the cannot attempt to do this picture justice by ing it. It must be seen to be appreciated. "our other five pictures make a set of the gant pictures ever given with any publication have the set of six pictures and our brangasine a year for only one dollar.

Please notice that the above premiums a large size; although we do not give as great tity as some, the quality is far superior.

We have now in a brief manner given you idea of what we are giving as premiums.

The Oleographs and Engravings are the mily, choice and valuable premiums we ever and they are something that cannot be of any other publisher in the world.

Over \$5000 Expended.

Reduced from \$1.25 to \$1.00 per

We have always charged \$1.35 for this M nd heretofore have only given two chromo itums, but we have now decided to reduce ription price to the small sum of one of give two extra large OLEOGRAPHS and it WGRAYINGS, and at the same time we give irger commission than ever before.

MAMMOTH OUTFIT FREE

mail our mammoth outfit, worth at less o all who desire to work for us; all we you send us thirty cents to cover posts

Read the next page.

OFFER TO TEACHERS. READ THESE TWO PACES. CREAT

G. Ribsour & Co.:

G. Ribsour & Co.:

Gestra: I enclose thirty cents to help pay postage
d packing expenses on your new outfit. I solemnly
omise that I will work at least three days or its
uivalent at the business, and if I find it to pay me
ill continue to work for you. The outfit is to cond of the following:

ist. One Oleograph, size 20x28, of James A. Gar-2d. One Oleograph, size lexis, entitled "Puss in One Steel Engraving, size 17x24, entitled "See-

One Steel Engraving, size 17x34, entitled ignation.

One Steel Engraving, size 17x24, entitled tyou Walk?

One Steel Engraving, size 17x24, entitled y's Better.

Specimen Copies of RIDEOUT'S MONTHLY MAGA-

Certificate of Agency.
Full Instructions to Agents.
Blank Subscription Lists.
Addressed Return Envelopes.
d the above outfit by mail to

m

D

IBERAL PAY TO ALL WHO ACT AS AGENTS.

AS AGENTS.

The consider you an agent as soon as you send in an are for outift and commence work. All agents will safter charge one dollar per year for the magnings. On each of the first twenty subscriptions allow you thirty cents commission, and you have end us seventy cents with each name. The you have sent us twenty subscribers, we alyou to keep thirty-five cents and send us but you to keep thirty-five cents and send us but you to be constructed by the cents for each subscribers. Now after you seen us one hundred subscribers we allow you to construct the cents of calculations of the cents of t

nt us one hundred subscribers. Now after you not us one hundred subscribers we allow you to rity cents for each subscription you send in a send us but sixty cents for each. You have sent us two hundred subscriptions, wyou to keep forty-five cents for each subnyou send in till you have sent in three hundred subscriptions.

for you have sent in three hundred, we allow you eep Afty cents for each and every subscriber, and have to send us but fifty cents. it is the highest rate of commission we pay, and r an agent has sent in three hundred subscribers, sentitled to fifty cents on each and every subption he sends in thereafter. hen you consider that our premiums are entirely; and the most expensive ever given, these terms the most liberal ever made.

I agent has to get but three hundred subscribers are he give non half of the subscribers.

s to get but three hundred subscrib one half of the subscription money

PEOPLE SUBSCRIBE AT SIGHT.

our beautiful Magazine takes the people by storm, it is as easy to get subscribers as it is to walk in house to house. a house to house.

the person who falls to send for an outfit to try this ness is making a great mistake, and somebody accept the chance and reap the harvest.

A FIFTEEN DOLLAR OLEOGRAPH.

This beautiful Oleograph of our late noble and dilustrious President, James A. Garfield, has never pld for less than gifteen dollars, and we now offer it o all who subscribe to RIDEOUT'S MONTHLY Magazine. In addition to this, we offer a picture that has ittracted more attention in this city than any ever mibibled. This picture is one of the finest ever project, and as it never has sold for less it may gutly be called a

TEN DOLLAR OLEOGRAPH. This picture "Puss in Boots" cannot be bought for ess than the above price at art any store in New fork City, but by our new process we are able to make shem by the one hundred thousand, so that we can afford to give one free to each and every subscriber to

RIDEOUT'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

The two pictures above described should be more han enough to satisfy every subscriber, but we have at stopped here; in addition we give

FOUR STEEL ENGRAVINGS.

hese Engravings are produced from the original I are the finest subjects that can be selected; but we have already given you a description of the can only add that they are worth as works of

Twenty Dollars Each. RIDEOUT'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE,

Reduced from \$1.25 to \$1.00 per year, sure to take the people by storm.
It is something that is not seen every day, and are have only given two chromos heretofore, and now two two beautiful Oleographs, and four steel en ravings for \$1.00, we know just what to expect ome agents will send us in

e agents will send us in

Thousands of Subscribers;

rs who cannot devote their whole time to the
ness will be able to earn some pocket money,
it cannot devote all your time to the business, you
certainly work home evenings and during your
stime. In this way you can make quite a sum
ioney.

certain tre tim

HOW AGENTS MANAGE THE BUSI-NESS.

Two Ways of Conducting it.
have two ways opplans upon which agents conthe business. We will present both plans and
rou can take your choice.

FIRST PLAN.

that subsoribers do not pay until he six premium pictures and receipts nitiling them to the Magazine for one he agent has taken subscribers a few less, he sends the list to us, with the tof money, after deducting his confining to our terms to agents, for each On receipt of the list of subscribers. o explain that subscr age them the six pren age them the six pren and by us entitling the r. After the agent h w, more or less, he se per amount of money sion, according

re send the agent a receipt for each subscriber with ix pictures for each, two Oleographs and four Steel ingravings, and we commence sending Magazines to be subscribers at once. The agent, having received the Premiums and receipts, goes around again and elivers them to the subscribers and collects his noney. An agent must have a little ready money, or we require that payment must accompany each st of subscribers. This will cause no inconvenience of an houset agent, for should be not happen to have

the money he can borrow it for a few days, and his profits will soon enable him to do without borrowing, and to handle the business just as he likes.

THE SECOND AND THE BEST PLAN

THE SECOND AND THE BEST PLAN is to send in and pay for a number of subscriptions, receive the premiums and receipts, and then go to work and secure subscribers and deliver the premiums and receipts and then go to work and secure subscribers and deliver the premiums and receipts as you go, and thus save going over the territory a second time to deliver the same and collect your pay. For instance, when you order your outfit, or after you have received it, send to us \$66, which is \$14 for the first twenty at seventy cents each, or \$66 for the first one hundred sets. By return mail or express you will receive one hundred sets of six pictures in a set, or six hundred pictures in all, and one hundred receipts, which is an outfit for the first hundred subscribers. The receipts will be all made out and signed by us, and each good for a year's subscription to Russour's Morratur Magazine, and all you will have to write in will be the subscriber's name, etc. You can then take a package of the premiums and receipts, and go to canvassing. It being on your first hundred subscribers you have paid an average of sixty-six cents each for them, and will collect \$1 on each, and give to each subscriber a set of the six Premiums and a receipt entiting him or her to the Magazine for one year, and the work is done. Every few days you will send in the subscriber's ames to us, on subscription-lists furnished you for that purpose, without any money (as you will already have paid for them), and we as once book their names and send them the Magazine for one year. If an agent is so situated that, at the start, he is unable to send \$35.50 for five subscriptions, and even if you cannot send \$33.50 then send \$17.35 for twenty-five subscriptions, and even if you cannot send but \$7 for ten subscriptions, or \$3.50 for five subscriptions, still it is the best and even if you cannot send but \$7 for ten subscriptions, or \$3.50 for five subscriptions, still it is the best and when you conton the boult of you cannot send the Magazine for a year, signe

NO DANGER OF ORDERING TOO MANY.

MANY.

You need have no fear of ordering too many subscriptions in advance, because we will guarantee you can get subscribers for all you order.

Now let us reason a moment. Suppose you send us \$66 for a hundred subscriptions in advance. You get six hundred pictures. They cost you eleven cents each, don't they? Now suppose you could not get a hundred subscribers at \$1 each and you wanted to get rid of the pictures. How long would it take you to sell one hundred of the Garfield Oleographs at fifty cents each? Why, people would but them as fast as you could hand them out. Then how long would it take you to sell one hundred of the Occurabhs "Puss in Boota" at fifty cents? Well, we should say it would be a poor salesman WHO COULD NOT SELL ONE HUNDRED A DAY. Now you have paid us \$66 for the hundred sets and you have sold two hundred of the pictures for \$100 and made a profit of \$30 in two days, and you have four hundred pictures left, which, even at ten cents each, are worth \$40. So you will see you cannot run any risk in ordering one hundred sets in advance. Some of our old agents will order as high as two, three, four and five hundred sets in advance. We have lots of agents who have sent us thousands of subscriptions and who make it a business the year round. Some of them make as high as

\$1829 MADE IN THREE MONTHS.

An agent in fair territory ought to take fifty sub-ribers in a day. This has been done by some of ur agents when we did not give nearly as good pre-dums as we do now. ll, supposing an agent averages fifty subscrip-a day, he will make

\$119 THE FIRST WEEK.

and after that he will make \$150 per week, for he has taken three hundred subscriptions the first week and is entitled to our highest rate of commission, as per terms to agents. Well, at this rate, working twenty-six days a month, he would make \$189 in seventy-eight working days (three months). This is at the rate of

\$7316 PER YEAR.

Well, we will suppose an agent can only average twenty-five subscribers a day. That would reduce the profit one half, and the agent would only make \$3658 IN A YEAR, or \$914.50 IN THREE MONTHS.

Now we will reduce it still farther and suppose an agent can average only ten subscriptions a day, which is a very low figure indeed; then he would be making \$1463.30 A YEAR, or the snug little sum of \$365.80 FOR THREE MONTHS' WORK.

We fully believe any agent can do this and not work more than half the time. Ten subscribers a day with our mammoth publication is very small indeed, and even the greenest agent can do that if he works. An agent must work at this business the same as at anything else, and if he wants to succeed must be at work from nine in the morning till six at night. If he will do this we will guarantee success.

OUR NEW OLEOGRAPHS

are something entirely new to the people and the mand will be immense.

OUR STEEL ENGRAVINGS

are something entirely new in the premium line Heretofore no publisher has been able to give stee engravings because they cost so much, but by ou new process we are able to do it, and our engraving are the finest in the world.

OUR STEEL ENGRAVINGS

will so delight the people that they will subscrib

public would be glad to buy these Engravings res and pay FIVE DOLLARS per copy.

OUR NEW OLEOGRAPHS

of mammoth size and are produced in twenty

OUR STEEL ENGRAVINGS

yery large, size 17x24 each. They are just with ple want and they are the finest ever import

A MILLION FAMILIES

ll want these pictures, and it will be an easy matter r agents to get subscribers with our mammoth agazine and beautiful premiums.

ANY BOY OR GIRL

that is large enough to carry our magazine from door to door can with our new premiums obtain subscriptions at almost every house. One agent took one bundled and point to the subscription of the property of the subscriptions of the subscriptions of the subscription of the subscription

WE WILL TAKE BACK ALL YOU CANNOT DISPOSE OF.

We feel so confident that our premiums and magine will take better than anything ever put befte public that we hereby agree that if you order chundred sets in advance and cannot dispose of this in a reasonable time we will take them back. Cot any offer be fairer. You run no risk at ait.

POSITIVELY NO CREDIT.

We are offering a large commission and can afford to give any credit, so don't ask it. If you we shall have to refuse. Our business is such th we cannot give any credit. We will send premit sets and receipts by express,

COLLECT ON DELIVERY.

if you send three dollars with your order as a guarantee that you will take the Premiums and pay your express agent the balance due when you get them. When premiums are sent by express C. O. D., you have to pay the express Co on the premiums and we pay the charges for returning the money to us. The best way is to send full amount of money with the order, either by Post-Office order or registered letter. We can then mail the sets and receipts direct to your post-office address.

NOT ONE MOMENT'S DELAY.

There will not be a moment's delay in our of if we get an order from you in the morning, we the same day. If there is any delay it must be side our office. We always fill orders the same as received. We know that your time is valued and we do not intend to delay you a moment.

IS IT SAFE TO SEND US MONEY! WHAT PEOPLE SAY OF US.

Very Few Letters From People who Know Us.

Us.

OFFICE OF THE SPRINGFIELD
CHT PAPER CO.
SPRINGFIELD, MASS., Sopt. 8th. 1880.
We take great pleasure in stating that we have sold E. G. Rideout & Co. a great many hundred of tons of paper for which they have paid us cash hissars. Rideout & Co. are our largest customers, and if they want \$100,000 worth on credit, we should not besidate to sell them.

We not only consider them able to do as they agree, but we also consider them perfectly honest and straightforward in every particular. We know that they are doing one of the largest and most successful publishing businesses in the country. Mesurs. Rideout & Co.'s contracts with us for the next year are for the best quality of paper.

SPRINGFIELD CITY PAPER CO.

New York, September 11th, 1860.
We have been doing business with E. G. Rideout
Co. for the past five years, and in that time have so
them large amounts. They have always paid us cas
and we know that they do a larger business than at
firm in their line in New York City. If they sak
credit we should not hesitate to sell /hem as

L. S. FRIEDBURGER & CO.

START RIGHT: THEN GO AHEAD

No agent or business man is ever successful unless he starts right. An agent to be thoroughly successful should order sets in advance, but if he cannot do that he should not fail to order an outfit. It is very unwise to go around and ask people to subscribe to our magazine, or any other publication unless you have an outfit to show.

An agent who does this cannot succeed any more than a man could to build a store and put in a stock of goods in some wilderness. Good judgment always goes a great ways in any business, and an agent should exercise good judgment as well as any business man.

IF YOU TAKE AN OUTFIT

IF YOU TAKE AN OUTFIT

If YOU TAKE AN OUTFIT

You should make up your mind that you are going to work at mammoth publication is very small inone than half the time. Ten subscribers a
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If he will do this we will guerantee success.

OUR NEW OLEOGRAPHS

arching entirely new to the people and the dewill be immense.

OUR STEEL ENGRAVINGS

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ings because they cost so much, but by our
coses we are able to do it, and our engravings
finest in the world. Not one of the olsographs has
en sold in New York City for less than ten dol
SS.

IF YOU TAKE AN OUTFIT

You should make up your mind that you are going to
week so many days, whether you make a cent or not.
Go atti just the same as though you had hired out
for so many days at may \$2.00 per day.

If you will order an outfit, or fifty or one huswell, if you will order an outfit, or fifty or one huswell, if you will order an outfit, or fifty or one huswell, if you will order an outfit, or fifty or one huswell is marked the hours per day, wouldn't
you? and you would get, say, \$3 for the ten hours.
We know just what we are talking about, for we
have been there. The first canvasing we sever did
we would in all probability not have been doing
nearly a million dollars of business. We kept on, and
although we worked hard all day, some days we did
not take on order. This, dear reader, is the way
it would not have all cropness. We kept on, and
although we worked hard all day, some days we did
not take on order. This, dear reader, is the way
it would not take an order. This, dear reader, is the way
it would not not be a supplementary well succeed
in anything you understake.

F. G. RIDEOUT. To Barclay

- A MILLION DOLLARS A YEAR.

seems to be a large business to do, and especially when it was first started by canvassing. We are now doing at the rade of nearly a million a year and our business is constantly growing.

We now publish three monthly publications besides a large amount of books. We have nearly a half a million subscribers to our publications, and we fully expect to swell the list to nearly a million.

YOUR SPARE TIME IS WORTH MONEY TO YOU.

Some of our greatest men have obtained both wealth and education by utilizing all their spare moments. There is not a person reading this circular but what can make large sums of money by working is the evening, or during their spare moments. If you should happen to be one of those who cannot make a business of canvassing, you can by a few hours' work earn a nice little sum for pocket money, and at the same time you will be benefiting your neighbors by placing in their hands some good and pure literature, as well as some of the finest works. If

HOW TO SEND MONEY.

send money by registered letter, post-office order, bank draft at our risk. Personal checks will not received unless certified at the bank upon which

the check is drawn.

The best and what we consider a safe way is to send money and list of subscribers in a registered letter. All postmasters are obliged to register letters if you put on an extra postage of 10 cents.

SENDING C. O. D.

We will send Premiums and receipts by express, and discovered and the send of the send of the send of the advance as a guarantee of good faith. If you order in this way you must pay the express charges, and we pay for returning the money to us.

POSTAGE STAMPS TAKEN SAME AS CASH.

We take postage stamps same as cash for parts of a dollar, but we prefer money for all even dollars. It is just as easy, and in fact easier to send a one or five dollar bill than to send one or five dollars in postage stamps. In sending stamps try and send those of the one cent denomination, as we get more of the three cent than we can use, and are obliged to sell them at a loss to curselves. No mutilated coin taken.

NO MUTILATED COIN TAKEN

The government will not receive coin that is muti-lated except for what it is worth for old silver; notither can it be passed in New York City. We are therefore obliged to refuse all coin with holes punched in them, or mutilated in any way. Hemem-ber this.

ANY ONE CAN CONDUCT THE BUSI-NESS.

Some of our very best agents are ladies. This business is specially adapted to ladies, and they do just as well as men. A lady can canvase her own town and make a handsome sum thereby. Even BOYS and GIRLS make good pay at the business. We have many such who make large pay canvassing their own and neighboring towns. In fact, any one who is willing to work can make good pay with our Marsatine.

UTILIZE YOUR SPARE MOMENTS.

Derote all your time to the business: it will pay you to take an outfit and canvass during your spare time; in this way you can earn a handsome sum without interfering with your regular occupation. We have interfering with your regular occupation. We have hundreds of agents who have, in the pain earner from \$16 to \$150 in a month or two hours and with the evening—and during selare hours for Premiums and Magazin are not equalled by any in the country, and can washing for them far easy work. Try it in your gares time, if you cannot devowall your

LAST AND CLOSING WORDS

LAST AND CLOSING WORDS.

We wish to impress upon your mind the fact that the premiums offered with Ridseaut's Monthly Magazine are an entirely new departure from chromos which we have heretofore given with our publications, and we know that they are destined to be the greatest hit of the season. Be not lose any time in ordering from 90 to 100 sets and give the business a trial. Allow us to mye upon you the importance of starting in business for yourself.

We cannot press upon your mind too strongly the importance of starting now. Be the first in the field and win the first prize of \$400.

We know that we have offered you the greatest chance to make money that any publisher ever made. Our magazine is the most attractive, instructive, and entertaining published. Our premiums are estirely new and will be bailed with delight by all who wish to beautify their homes.

The loograph of our late President James A. Garried will be sought after by every true American citizen. Occasionally you will meet with a person who will be so partisan as to refuse to subscribe, because you are offering a picture of a Republican President. Do not waste your time upon such a person who will be said all mourned his saft fate. His name will be handed down to future generations with that of Washington and Lincoln as the man who fought his way from obscurity and poverty to the highest office in the gift of the American people, and his tustimely death at the hands of a miserable assassin three not only the United States both north and south, but the entire world into such deep and profound mourning as was never before known in its history. Such a man was Garfield. A man of the people who had the weifare of the people at heart; one who sprang from the people was shouly each was beloved by the people.

one who spread that every family should have a picture worth framing, and as such we offer our new eleograph as a premium. If you cannot take an agency rourself, please hand this circular to some worthy deserving person who

this circular to some worthy deserving person who needs employment.

If you do not want an agency, we shall be pleased to receive your subscription for one year to the Magazine. Only one dollar secures the Magazine one year, and the six premiums actually worth \$25.

If any one orders the Magazine and Premium, and is not satisfied we will retund the money, whether they subscript of an agent or send their subscription direct to us. In fact, we mean to give satisfaction, and if any one is dissuitation we mean to satisfy them on their own terms.

If you do not wish to order sets in advance as by our second plan you can order an outfit. It costs but 30 cents to try the business.

Hoghing to bear from you by geturn mail, we are faithfully yours.

Add ress.

E. G. RIDEOUT, 10 Barclay Street, New York City.

COLDEN'S

Liquid Beef Tonic.

This preparation, consisting of the Extract of Beef [prepared by Baron Liebig's process], the very best Brandy that can be obtained, soluble Citrate of Iron, Cinchona, and simple Bitter Tonics, is presented to the world for a trial of its claims. There are several preparations purporting to contain some of the abovenamed components, but the high cost of manufacture and the consequent reduction of profit, have caused the manufacturers to allow many such to deteriorate by the use of impure and cheap materials.

Physicians of large experience are growing to realize more and more fully the importance of preparing in accordance with the principles of dietectics the waste which disease entails; and those physicians are most successful in practice who recognize the fact, that the true use of drugs is to restore to normal function the process of nu trition, on which life and health depend; and has been a desideratum to obtain a preparati which could be given with a certainty of benefit.

We therefore present COLDEN'S LIQUID BEEF TONIC to the profession with a confidence in-spired by a knowledge of its universal applica-tion in disease, and guarantee its purity and perfeet assimilability.

We believe a trial will convince all—as it has al-dy convinced many—that it is an invaluable aid to the physician.

Its benefit is particularly marked in lowered states of the system, such as simple Anæmia, that resulting from malarial poison, in chlore spinal irritation, mental and nervous debility of over-worked business men, and especially in con-valescence from protracted diseases. Its simple litter principles act directly on the sension gastric nerves, summating the follicles to secretion, and giving to weakened individuals that first percuisite to improvement—an appetite. The Cinchona which it contains makes it indispensable in the treatment of the results of malarial dis-case, whilst its iron is a direct blood food, and its alcohol acts in the double capacity of assisting the local effect of the simple bitters upon the gastric mucous membranes, and also as a direct ner s stimulant.

ous stimulant.

It will thus appear that, unlike any preparative combines properties of ever before offered, it combines prope ost value in the treatment of such conditions ave been spoken of in this article. It is truly unlant, tonic, nutrient, and hæmatogenic, and as nave been spoken or in this arrice. It is truly stimulant, tonic, nutrient, and hæmatogenic, and is so palatable and digestible that the most sen-sitive palate and stomach will not reject it.

To conclude; this is not a new preparation, but one whose merits have been long acknowledged. In a report of the celebrated physician, Sirk En-ASMUS WILSON, of London, he says: "Several cases of incipient consumption have come under my observation that have been cured by a timely use of Lienig's Beef Tonic (Colden's

We are in receipt of several hundred such com-mendations, but prefer, instead of introducing thom here, to merely append an official analysis of the preparation, made by an eminent London chemist:

The following is a correct analysis of COLDEN'S LIEBRO'S LIQUID HERF TONIC, perfected 3d Jan-uary, 1888. I obtained the samples indiscrimin-ately from the Company's Warehouse, Lower Thames Street, London, E. C. I find this prepara-

Thanks the contains:

20 per cent. saccharine matter.

25 per cent. glutinous or nutritious matter obtained in the condensation of the beef.

25 per cent. spirit rendered non-injurious to the nest delicate stomach burgle call as

Total. 100

I have had the process explained by which the beef in this preparation is preserved and rendered soluble by the brandy employed, and I am satisfied this combination will prove a valuable adjunct to our pharmacopeds.

Signed, Arthur Hull Hassall, M.D., F.R.S., President of the Royal Analytical Ass., London, RUSSELL SQUARE, London, W.C. 3d January, 1868. Since the date of the above analysis, and by the urgent request of several eminent members of the medical profession, I have added to each wineglassful of this preparation two grains of SOLUBLE CITRATE OF IRON.

N. B.-COLDEN'S LIQUID BEEF TONIC is sold by Druggists generally in pint bottles. In ordering our article, persons should be particular to mention "COLDEN'S." To guard against imitation, see fac-simile of T. COLDEN on bottle-label.

C. N. CRITTENTON, General Agent. 115 Fulton Street, New York.

JOHN B. DAVIDS & CO', S Pleasant, Profitable Employment,

-SUPERIOR-WRITING INKS,

WRITING FLUIDS, and MUCILAGE.

Awarded Prize Medal by the American Instiate and Atlantic Exhibition. Insist upon having OHN B. DAVID'S & CO'S, and take no other.

Boards of Education Supplied.



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DURING SUMMER VACATION?
Send for terms for selling our choice specialties of Fruit and Ornamental Trees and Shrubs, Grape Vines. Roses, etc. Monthly Salaries and Expenses paid. Previous expensence not essential. The best references gives and required. Determinent employment if desired. Address JAMES F. LeCLARKE Nurseryman, Rochester, New York.





AGENTS Wanted for handsome Illustrated stand-works of character; great variety; Books & Bibles low in prices selling fast; meeded everywhere; J. Bernel terms. Braffery, therefore a 6c, 65 F. Found St., Philadelphia, P.

NAMES OF THE STATES .- Pennsylvania owes its name to its founder, Wm. Penn. The name given by Penn himself was Sylvania, but King Charles II. insisted that the name of Penn should be prefixed. It is the only State in the Union named after

The counties of New Castle, Kent and Sussex "upon Delaware," granted by the Duke of York to Penn in 1682, were known as the territories of Pennsylvania. In 1701 Penn granted them a certain autonomy. The State was named after the bay of that name, and the bay after Lord De la War, who explored it. It has been claimed that the bay and the river were named after the Delaware Indians, who in 1600 dwelt upon their shores. This claim is unfounded. The Delaware name of the river was Lenapehittuk, meaning toe Lenape river. Ohio is named after the beautiful river, its southern boundary. From Johnston's "Account of the Indian Tribes" the word Ohio, as applied to the river, in the Wyandot language is O-he-zuh, signifying "something great." Mr. Schoolcraft oberves that the termination "io" in Ohio implies admiration. On the old French map the name is sometimes the "Ochio," and sometimes the "Oyo."

Mr. Gail B. Johnson, business manager of the Houston, Texas, Post, has used St. Jacobs Oil with the greatest benefit for rheumatism. says the Galveston, Texas,

BRIDGET (looking at the picture over the mantelpiece), "What's thim, marm?" Mrs. Dotonart : " Those are cherubs, Brid-Bridget: "Cheerups, is it? Mary Ann says as how they was bats, and I says twins, barrin' the wings."

The purity and elegant perfume of Park er's Hair Balsam explain the popularity of this reliable restorative.

Young Pat, in answer to inquiry by tourist: There's five of us, yer honor, an' the baby. Tourist: And are you the eldest? Pat : I am, yer honor—at prisent!

JOSH BILLINGS HEARD FROM.

Newport, R. I., Aug. 11, 1880.

Dear Bitters—I am here trying to breathe all the salt air of the ocean, and bavg been a sufferer for more than a year than a refractory liver I was induced to mix Hop Bitters with the sea gale, and have found the tincture a glorious result. I have been greatly helped by the Bitters, and am not afraid to say 10. Yours without a struggle,

JOSH BILLINGS.

A BOY says in his composition, that "Onions are the vegetable that makes you sick if you don't eat them yourself.

The Short-Hand Writer, published by the author of Takigrafy, Mr. P. Lindsley, at 253 Broadway, is now issued weekly. This is the first weekly paper devoted to shorthand writing ever started in the United States. It deserves success, as does the system it advocates.

This is a picture of Freddy's rabbits. But it is the picture of a fox. The fox is very fat. Where are Freddy's rabbits? Freddy's rabbits are in the fox.

It was a happy day for humanity when Dr. Holman discovered the Pad cure by absorption—if for no other reason except that it supplies a perfect antidote and remedy for medicinal poisoning. Those who feel the need of such a remedy will find this to be strictly and demonstratably true.

The wonders of modern chemistry re apparent in the beautiful Diamond yes. All kinds and colors of ink can be Dyes. All kinds made from them.

"My wife and I am one," explained the colored gentleman; adding, with a smile that was childlike and bland, "and I am

"Rough on Rats." Clears outrats, mice, flies, roaches, bedbugs, ants, vermin, chip-munks, 75c.

**MODERATE CHARGES

**MODERATE CHARGES

Plastic fillings for broken dawn and sensitive treeth a speciality.



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THE WONDER OF HEALING!

Catarrh. cific for this disease, Gold in Head, &c... Our "Catarrh Cure," specially curative properties of the Extract; our Nami Syringe invaluable for use in catarr-hal affections, is simple and inexpense.

Rheumatism, Neuralgia. No other preparation has cured so many cases of these distressing complaints as the Extract.

Hemorrhages. Heeding from the Lungs, Stomach, Nose, or from any cause, is speedily controlled

Diphtheria & Sore Throat Extract

promptly, It is a sure cure. Delay is dangerous. For Piles, Blind, Bleeding or fich-ig, it is the greatest known remedy. ing, it is the greatest known remedy.

For Ulcers, Old Sores or Open Wounds its action upon these is most remarkable.

its action upon these is most remarkable.

Caustion.—POND'S EXTRACT has been imitated. The genuine has the words "POND'S EXTRACT" bloom in the place, and our picture trade-mark on surrounding buy trapper. None other is genuine. Always insist on having POND'S EXTRACT. Take no other preparation.

It is never sold in bulk or by measure.

SPECIALTIES AND TOILET ARTICLES.	
POND'S EXTRACT50c., \$1.00, \$1.75	
Tollet Cream 75	
Dentifrice 50 Plaster 25	j
Lip Salve 25 Inhaler (Glass 50c.) 1.00)
Tollet Soap(3 Cakes) 50 Nasal Syringe 28	j
Ointment 50 Medicated Paper 25	5

Family Syringe, \$1.00.
LADIES, read pages 13, 18, 21 and 26 of our New amphies which accompanies each bottle. DOWNER PAMPELET WITH HISTORY OF OUR REPARATIONS SERT FREE ON APPLICATION TO

POND'S EXTRACT CO., • 14 West 14th St., New York.

KIDNEY-WORT HAS BEEN PROVED by thousands and tens of thousands all over the country to be the SUZENT CURB ever discovered for all

KIDNEY DISEASES. Does a lame back or disordered uride indi-cate that you are a victim? THEN DO NOT HESITATE; use Ridney-Wort at once, (every druggist will recommend it) and it will speedily overcome the disease and restore

druggist will recommend it) and it wispeedily overcome the disease and rests beating action.

Incontinence or retention of Urine, bris dust or ropy deposits, and duit dragging paid all speedily yield to its curative power.

PRICE \$1, SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

KIDNEY-WORT



Holman's Pad

ACTS BY ABSORPTION

Nerve Forces

THE CIRCULATION.

The only true Malarial Antidote. t is the only known remedy that positively expel-ting the only known remedy that positively expel-ery vestige of Malarial taint from the blood with the use of poisonous drugs. It is a positive ut the use of poisonous drugs. It is a positive reventive and Cure. Dr. Holman's Stomach and Liver Pad is a Sovereign

CHILLS AND FEVER And every other form of Malaria, all Stomach and Liver Troubles, Nervous and Sick Headaches, Chronic Disarbeas, and many of the Complaints Peculiar to Remailes. Special instructions and advice free of charge by addressing G. W. Holman, M. D. Full treaties sent of the property of the state o

DENTAL ROOMS

DR. W. J. STEWART,

23d STREET AND 9th AVE. RELIABLE WORK.

Add ress,

hose of even or elief un win a untry. TRACH

And to at day Ki Ki

LEARNT IT AT SCHOOL.-Among the huor of school days are the phrase small children from upper class reci-Ignorant of their meaning, they itate them in their own words, and the ect is usually comical enough-a sound ithout knowledge always is. A youth of inder years who has lately begun to at-ind school in this city was heard by his ather to be loudly chanting as he played bout the room an extraonlinary measure, which the burden was, "Angle two s, nigger in a pond." Impressed by remarkable combination of words. a father inquired what he meant by it, hen his son and heir replied: "Why, at's what we learn at school." The ther thinking this a piece of strange wledge, called at the school and inired into the matter. The teacher was ite unable to explain, but finally called her scholars and caused them to give ne of their customary recitations in cert. The mystery was solved when the chorus came to this lesson, "An angle, wo lines meeting at a point," the rhythm f which was seen to be similar to the hild's description of the unfortunate

LANGUAGE CANNOT DESCRIBE IT.

LARGUAGE CANNOT DESCRIBE IT.

Mr. Robt. Gould, bookkeeper for Walker t Maxey, who are lumber dealers, reently said to our representative: "About me year ago I was taken with the genuine ciatica. I employed the best physicians, ut they could only relieve me for the homent. Finally I used St. Jacobs Oil, ad it effected a complete cure."—Kenebec Reporter, Gardiner, Me.

A WAYWARD youth in an inland college erpetrated a bad grind on his dignified reek professor the other day. Called pon for a translation from Homer, where e speaks of the Trojan women washing air clothing by the sea, he very demurey asked his teacher "if in his opinion by were the origin of the Troy laundry."

An item in regard to the failure of Yours for health, Lydia E. Pinkham" of yan, Mass., has been floating through the apers. We are glad to learn it is false. he Lydia Pinkham Compound business not only not financially embarrassed as ported, but is being conducted on a such larger scale than ever, doing a large ad growing business and paying one hunred cents on a dollar. Mrs. Pinkham is live, earnest woman of over sixty, and oing a great deal of good in the world.

worst misfortunes are those that ver befall us," and it is to be hoped that worse misfortune may happen to a niter than to be without an Esterbrook

MINISTERS should be careful when they quest the choir to omit a stanza of a ymn, to see how the detached parts will together, as the effect is sometimes agular.

Kahoka, Mo., Feb. 9, 1880.

I purchased five bottles of your Hop ters of Blahop & Co. last fall for my aghter, and am well pleased with the ters. They did her more good than all a medicine she has taken for six years.

WM. T. MCCLURE.

WM. T. MCLURE.

The above is from a very reliable farmer those daughter was in poor health for the or eight years, and could obtain no lief until she used Hop Bitters. She is twin as good health as any person in the puntry. We have a large sale and they the making remarkable cures.

W. H. Bishop & Co.

TRACHER to infant class in Sunday thool: "What is promized to the right-tus?" "Eternal bliss, marm." Teacher: And to the wicked?" Thin voice from the blom of the class: "Eternal blister." e was one penny less on the plate

Kidney Wort cures in winter and in the manner. There is scarcely a person to be and who will not be greatly benefitted at thorough course of Kidney Wort spring. If you cannot prepare the buy the liquid. It has the same effect.

(From the Springfield Reput

A GENEROUS ACT

at Will be Appreciated by All Who Car for Their Complexion and Skin,

It is not generally known that the nervous sys-ten has a wonderful influence over the skin, but this is a fact known to medical men who have given much of their time to the study of disof the skin. No one can have a clear and complexion unmixed with blotches or pim-

pics who is very pervous.

Weatever tends to a healthful condition of Weatever tends to a healthful condition of the nervous system always beautifies the complexion and removes roughness and dryness of the akin. Some akin diseases are not attended by visible signs on the surface, but in an intolerable itching that renders life miserable.

We copy the following deserving and interesting compliment from the Tribune which says:

"Dr. C. W. Benson's New Remedy, 'SKIN CURL' is received by the public with great confidence, and it is regarded as a very genegous act on the

is received by the public with great confidence, and it is regarded as a very generous act on the Doctor's part to make known and prepare for general use his valuable and favorite prescrip-tion for the treatment of the skin discress. after having devoted almost his entire life to th study and treatment of nervous and skin disc in which he took great delight. He was a number of years Physician in charge of the M number of years Physician in charge of the Maryland Infirmary on Dermatology and anything from his hands is at once accepted as authority and valuable. The remedy is fully the article to attack the disease, both internally, through the blood, and externally, through the arsorbents, and is the only reliable and rational mode of treatment. These preparations are only put up for general use after having been used by the Doctor in his private practice for years, with the greatest success, and they fully merit the confidence of all classes of sufferers from skin diseases."

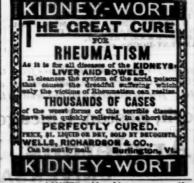
This is for sale by all druggists. Two bottles, internal and external treatment, in one backage. Don't be persuaded to take other. It costs one dollar.

OH MY HEAD!

WHY WILL YOU SUPPER?

Sick headache, nervous beadache, neurnigia, nervousness, paralysis, dyspepsis, sleeplessuess, and brain diseases, positively cured by Dr. Ben-son's Celery and Chamomile Pills. They contain no opium, quinine, or other harmful drug. Sold by druggists. Price 50 cents per box, two boxes for \$1.5 to hove for \$2.5 to by mail posters from The \$1. six boxes for \$2.50 by mall postage free C. W. Benson, Baltimore, Md. C. N. Critte New York, is wholesale agent for these rem

The Bad and Worthless are never imitated or counterfeited. This is especially true of a family medicine, and it is positive proof that the remedy imitated is of the highest value. As soon as it had been tested and proved by the whole world that Hop Bitters was the purest, best and most valuable family medicine on earth, many imitations sprung up and began to steal the notices in which the press and people of the country had expressed the merits of H. B., and in ever way trying to induce suffering invalids to use their stuff instead, expecting to make money on the credit and good pecting to make money on the credit and good name of H. B. Many others started nostrums put up in similar style to H. B., with variously devised names in which the word "Hop" or "Hops" were used in a way to induce people to believe they were the same as Hop Bitters. All believe they were the same as Hop Bitters. All such remedies or cures, no matter what their style or name is, and especially those with the word "Hop" or "Hops" in their name or in any way connected with them or their name are imitations or counterfeits. Beware of them. Touch none of them. Use nothing but genuine Hop Bitters, with a bunch or cluster of green Hops on the white label. Trust nothing else. Druggists and dealers are warned against dealing in imitations or counterfeits.



ISAAC T. HOPPER had expostulated with Kane, a colored printer, for profane swear-ing. One day, encountering him in the street pouring forth a volley of oaths, he took him before a magistrate, who fined him for blasphemy. Twenty years passed.
As Friend Hopper was standing at his door
Kane passed by, He looked feeble and
poor. The Friend stepped out, shook hands and said kindly, "Dost thou re-member me, and how I caused thee to be fined for swearing?" "Yes, indeed. I do.

I remember how many dollars I paid as
well as if it were but yesterday." "Did
it do thee any good?" "Never a bit. It only made me mad to have my most taken from me." Hopper invited K in, calculated the interest on the fine and repaid every cent, adding, " I meant it for thy good, and I am sorry that I only provoked thee." Kane's countenance change at once, and tears began to flow. He took the money with many thanks, and was never again heard to swear.

SPARKLING EYES.

Rosy cheeks and clear complexion only accompany good health. Parker's Ginger Tonic better than anything, makes pure, rich blood, and brings health, joyous spirits, strength and beauty. Ladies, try it.—Bazar.

"BETTER buy a new river," says the Baltimore American, speaking of the seven millions called for by the bill for the improvement of the Mississippi.

A DELICIOUS APPETIZER,

That ensures digestion and enjoyment of food; a tonic that brings strength to the weak and rest to the nervous; a harmless diarrhesa cure that don't constipate—just what every family needs—Parker's Ginger Tonic

DISEASES CURED

By the Electro-Magnetic Treatment, Massage and Movement Cure, at No. 19 Temple Pl., Boston, Mass., by Dr. George W. Rhodes,

Boston, Mass., by Dr.

George W. Rhodes,

Who thoroughly understands his business. His genial disposition, large sympathies, and strong vital magnetism, who at once upon his patients, and peculiarly fit him to treat a class of diseases in which nervous trirtability are marked features. He has had under his treatment during the last fifteen years, patients distinguished in the medical and legal professions and in literature, among them, some of the most wealthy and influential men and women in the country.

Dr. Rhodes has made a special study of Paralysies, Epilepsy, Brain and Nervous Diseases, Hysteria, Heart, Lung and Blood Diseases, and has been singularly successful in treatment.

Of all the patients he has treated during the continuous of the patients he has treated during the fitten years, only one, Dr. Gregg, of Boston, has died, and his case was complicated with a polypus on the brain, and other troubles, making recovery at his age, seventy-three, impossible, but that his life was prolonged and made more comfortable by the treatment, was gratefully acknowledged by his family, and admitted by his former medical advisers. His own opinion of Dr. Rhydes, as a physician, was expressed not only in placing himself under his care, but by sending for his nuclea, distinguished literary lady, who with her mother were both patients of Dr. Rhodes, and were restored to health.

One more case we will mention,—a son of the late Prof. Miller, of Amherst College, was brought to Dr. Rhodes, almost completely paralyzed, so that even his mouth and tongue were involved, his limbs were drawn up, and feet twisted by contraction of the cords: his brain and heart were both affected, the latter to such an extent that you could hear it beat in an addoning room. In fact the boy was given over to die by the physicians attent to Dr. Rhodes, and in week weeks, under his treatment, be was entirely cured, and is now in perfect health. His cure was regarded by his relatives as amout marculous; but the facts as stated above are too well kn



Sure Cure for all FEMALE WEAK-ESSES, Including Lencorri nfiammation and Ulceration of the Womb, Flooding, PRO-LAPSUS UTERI, &c.

Floanant to the taste, efficacious and immed effort. It is a great help in programmy, and pain during labor and at regular periods.

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PRINCIPLE THE IT ARP PRINCIPLE IT PRINCIPLE
POR ALL WRANCEMEN of the generalive organ
father sex, it is second to no remody that has even
before the public and for all directes of the
morphis is the Oresteel Remody in the World.

RIDNEY COMPLAINTS of Either Find Great Relief in Its Use.

LYDIA P. PINEMAN'S RIGOD PURIFICATION of the manufacture of Russors from Local time and street from the first first from the december of the control of the

the types. As marvellous in results as the Compound (EF-Both the Compound and Shoot Profiler are jow) pared at SD and SS Weedeen Avenue, Lynn, Son, Price of either, St. Rix bothler for St. The Compound is sent by small in the form of palls, or of homeson, of receipt of price, \$1 per hox for either. Her. Pinkhos troolly answers all letters of inquiry. Suction 8 continuous, Son for the passive Steely answers all letters of inquiry. Suction 8 continuous, Sant for passiphiet. Hendison Steel Paper.

AF LIVEA E. PINKEAR'S LIVER PRILS ours Consideration, Billiousness and Torpidity of the Lives. St Consis. ar sold by all Druggista.

'A Skin of Beauty is a Joy Forever." DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S Oriental Cream or Magic Beautifier



Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckies, foth-Patches and every biemish on beauty, and

A c e e p 1 no counterfeit of similar name.

The of is timguisbed Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the houst
ton (a patient):—"As you ladies will use them, I
recommend Gowroud's Croam as the least here, I
recommend Gowroud's Croam as the least here.
Subtile removes superstuous hair without injury
to the skin. Mwr. M. B. T. GOURAUD, belle
Prop., 48 Hond Street, N. Y.

For sale by all druggists and Fancy Goods
Dealers through the U. S. Canada and Europe.
Also found in N. Y. City, at R. H. Macy's Stern's,
Ebrich's, Riddey's, and other Fancy Goods Dealers.

Ew Beware of base imitations. \$1,000 Re
ward for arrost and proof of any one selling the
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